

MALLA REDDY VISHWAVIDYAPEETH

SCHOOL OF ALLIED AND PUBLIC HEALTH SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

Suraram X Roads, Jeedimetla, Hyderabad-500055 Web: https://mrvv.edu.in/

Program

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.Sc.)

Bachelor of Cardiovascular Technology

COURSE STRUCTURE

MALLA REDDY VISHWAVIDYAPEETH

SCHOOL OF ALLIED AND PUBLIC HEALTH SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY

Bachelor of Cardiovascular Technology

COURSE STRUCTURE

I year I semester

C NO	SUBJECT	SUBJECT	L T P C			lax. Ma	x. Marks		
S.NO	CODE	L		Р	C	INT	EXT	TOTAL	
1	CT121011	Human Anatomy - I	4	-	-	4	30	70	100
2	CT121012	Human Physiology - I	4	-	-	4	30	70	100
3	CT121013	Medical Bio-chemistry- I		-	-	4	30	70	100
4	CT121016	Sociology		-	-	2	30	70	100
5	CT121014	English and Communication Skills	1	-	2	2	30	70	100
6	CT121015	Basic Computers	1	-	2	2	30	70	100
7		Human Anatomy - I Practical	-	-	4	2	30	70	100
8	8 Human Physiology - I Practical		-	-	4	2	30	70	100
TOTAL			16	-	12	22	240	560	800

I year II semester

S.NO	SUBJECT	SUBJECT	L	т	Р	С	M	lax. Ma	EXT TOTAL 70 100 70 100 70 100	
3.140	CODE	SOBJECT	SOBJECT				INT	EXT	TOTAL	
1	CT121021	Human Anatomy – II		-	-	4	30	70	100	
2	CT121022	Human Physiology - II		-	-	4	30	70	100	
3	CT121023	Health Psychology		-	-	3	30	70	100	
4	CT121024	Cardiac Instrumentation		-	2	4	30	70	100	
5	CT121025	Human Anatomy – II Practical		-	3	1.5	30	70	100	
6	CT121026	Human Physiology – II Practical		-	3	1.5	30	70	100	
7	CT121027VA	1027VA Interpersonal Communication		-	-	1	100	-	100	
8	CT121027VB Stress Management		1	-	-	1	100	-	100	
	TOTAL			-	8	20	380	420	800	

II year III semester

C NO	CURIECT CORE	CURIFOT		т			C INT EXT TO 5 30 70 1	Max. Marks			
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	'	Р	C	INT	EXT	TOTAL		
1	CT121031	Cardiac Anatomy and Physiology		-	2	5	30	70	100		
2	CT121032	ECG and Holter Monitoring		-	2	5	30	70	100		
3	CT121033	Medical Microbiology		-	2	4	30	70	100		
4	CT121034	Pathology	3	-	-	3	30	70	100		
5	CT121035	Clinical Assessment - I	2	-	4	4	30	70	100		
6	6 CT121036VA Soft Skills Development		1	-	-	1	100	-	100		
	TOTAL				10	22	250	350	600		

II year IV semester

6.110	011D150 7 00D5	01101505		_		C INT 4 30 4 30	ax. Marks		
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	Т	Р	C	INT	EXT	TOTAL
1	CT121041	Ultrasound physics and Doppler Principles		-	2	4	30	70	100
2	CT121042 Congenital Heart Disease I		3	-	2	4	30	70	100
3	CT121043	Basics of Echocardiography and cardiac pacemakers		-	2	5	30	70	100
4	CT121044 Medical ethics and legal aspects		2	-	2	3	30	70	100
5	CT121045 Clinical assessment II		2	-	4	4	30	70	100
6	6 CT121046VA Health and Well-being		1	-	-	1	100	-	100
	TOTAL			-	12	21	250	350	600

III year – V semester

S NO	CURIECT CORE	CUDIFICT		_			Max. Marks		
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	Т	Р	С	INT	EXT	TOTAL
1	CT121051	Clinical applications of Echo		-	2	5	30	70	100
2	CT121052	Myocardial, pericardial, Valvular and Ischemic Heart Diseases		-	2	5	30	70	100
3	CT121053	Congenital heart disease - II		-	2	5	30	70	100
4	CT121054	Clinical Assessment I	3	-	4	5	30	70	100
5	CT121055VA	055VA Environmental Awareness		-	-	1	100	-	100
	TOTAL				10	21	220	280	500

III year – VI semester

CNO	CUDIFCT CODE	CUDIFCT		_		(Max. Marks		
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE SUBJECT L		Т	Р	С	INT	EXT	TOTAL	
1	CT121061	Community Medicine		-	2	3	30	70	100
2	CT121062	Cardiac Cath and Intervention		-	2	5	30	70	100
3	CT121063	Arrhythmia Management		-	2	4	30	70	100
4	CT121064	Clinical Assessment - I		-	4	4	30	70	100
5	CT121065	Clinical Assessment - II	2	-	4	4	30	70	100
6	CT121066VA	Art of Being a Better Person	1	-	1	1	100		100
	TOTAL				14	21	250	350	600

IV year – VII semester

C NO	CURIECT CODE	CUDIFCT		_	P C		Max. Marks		
S.NO	S.NO SUBJECT CODE SUBJECT		-	'	P	20 1	INT	EXT	TOTAL
1	CT121071	771 Internship-I		-	40	20	30	70	100
2	2 CT121072VA Healthy Eating for Healthy Living		1	-	-	1	100	-	100
	TOTAL				40	21	130	70	200

IV year – VIII semester

CNO	.NO SUBJECT CODE SUBJECT L		-	6	(Max. Marks			
S.NO			•	Р	С	INT	EXT	TOTAL	
1	CT121081	Internship-II		-	20	10	30	70	100
2	CT121082	Project		-	20	10	30	70	100
8	CT121083VA	Professionalism in the Workplace	1	-	-	1	100	-	100
TOTAL			1		40	21	160	140	300

1.1 Under Graduate Programme

Sl. No.	Course	Duration	Eligibility for admission
1	Bachelor of Cardiovascular Technology	4 years	Intermediate BiPC, vocational Physiotherapy (with bridge course), 10+2 with Physics, Chemistry and Biology or equivalent

1.2. Medium of Instruction:

English shall be the medium of instruction for all subjects of study and for examinations.

1.3. Duration of the Course

Duration details are mentioned under clause no. 1.1 of this booklet.

1.4 Examination Regulations

1.4.1 Attendance: 75% of attendance (physical presence) is mandatory.

Medical leave or other types of sanctioned leaves will not be counted as physical presence. Attendance will be counted from the date of commencement of the session to the last day of the closing of attendance before the final examination

1.4.2 Internal Assessments:

a) Regular periodic assessment shall be conducted throughout the course. In each semester there will be **two one hour internal assessments (10 marks each)** and a continuous assessment **(10 marks)**. Thus a total of 30 marks for the internal exam. (i.e. weightage for internal assessment shall be 30% of the total marks in each subject).

b) Exam pattern for internal assessment in each semester will be

- (a) Short questions 3 nos. out of which the student should write two questions each carrying 5 marks (i.e. $2 \times 5 = 10$ marks). Two such internal examinations will be conducted.
- (b) Continuous assessment of the student will be done. Students overall attendance, performance in class, behaviour of the student, extra-curricular activities etc will be assessed. Continuous assessment carries 10 marks.
- (d) Thus a total of 30 marks for the internal examination. (10 + 10 + 10 = 30 marks). A candidate should secure a minimum of 40% marks in the internal assessment in each subject to be eligible to appear for the University examination
- (e) For value added courses, only internal examination will be conducted. The assessment comprised of five assignments/presentations/case presentations each carrying 10 (i.e. $5 \times 10 = 50$ marks). Final examination will be for 50 marks with 5 questions each carrying 10 marks ($5 \times 10 = 50$ marks). The minimum pass is 40% marks.

1.4.3 University Examinations:

- a) University Examination shall be conducted at the end of every semester.
- b) A candidate who satisfies the requirement of attendance and internal assessment marks, as

stipulated by the University shall be eligible to appear for the University Examination.

- c) Examination will be of 3 hours duration (for theory). The question pattern for those subjects without practical examination (70 marks) will be (a) Three essay questions out of which the student should answer 2 questions each carrying 10 marks (i.e. $2 \times 10 = 20$ marks) (b) Eight short note questions out of which the student should attempt six questions, each carrying 5 marks (6 x 5 = 30 marks). (c) Ten very short questions each carrying 2 marks (i.e. $10 \times 2 = 20$ marks). Thus a total of 70 marks.
- d) Examination will be of 3 hours duration (for theory). The question pattern for those subjects with practical examination (70 marks) will be (a) Three essay questions out of which the students should answer two questions each carrying 10 marks (i.e. $2 \times 10 = 20$ marks) (b) Eight short note questions out of which the student should attempt six questions, each carrying 5 marks (6 x 5 = 30 marks). (c) Spotters/major practical/minor practical/Viva/practical record carries 20 marks. Thus a total of 70 marks.
- e) The <u>question pattern for practical examination</u> (a) Spotters/major practical/minor practical/Viva/practical record.

The minimum pass for internal assessment is 40% and for the University Examination is 50%. i.e. a student should score a total of 50% (adding the internal and external examination) to pass in each subject.

FIRST YEAR

Semester-I

- 1. Human Anatomy I
- 2. Human Physiology I
- 3. Medical Biochemistry
- 4. Sociology
- 5. English and Communication Skills
- 6. Basic computers
- 7. Human Anatomy I Practical
- 8. Human Physiology I Practical

HUMAN ANATOMY-I

L/T/P/C 4/-/-/4

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The focus of this course is an in-depth study and analysis of the regional and systemic organization of the body. Emphasis is placed upon structure and function of human movement. A comprehensive study of human anatomy with emphasis on the nervous, musculoskeletal and circulatory systems is incorporated. Introduction to general anatomy laysthe foundation of the course. Dissection and identification of structures in the cadaver supplemented with the study of charts, models, prosected material and radiographs are utilized to identify anatomical landmarks and configurations.

OBJECTIVES:

- The student should be able to identify & describe Anatomical aspects of muscles, bones, joints, their attachments & to understand and analyze movements.
- > Application of knowledge of anatomy on the living (living anatomy).
- To identify and describe the course of peripheral nerves.
- To identify & describe various structures of the Cardio Vascular & Respiratory system and the course of blood vessels

- Identify and describe various structures of Thoracic cage and mechanisms of Respiration
- Be able to apply knowledge of Living anatomy with respect to Cardio Vascular &Respiratory system
- ➤ To Obtain Knowledge of other systems & sensory organs

SYLLABUS

UNIT-I

GENERAL ANATOMYAND HISTOLOGY

General Anatomy:

- 1. Fascia
- 2. Muscles
- 3. Bones
- 4. Joints
- 5. Vessels
- 6. Nerve

General Histology:

- 1. Epithelial
- 2. Connective tissue
- 3. Muscle
- 4. Bone and cartilage
- 5. Nerve and vessels
- 6. Embryology

UNIT-II

UPPER EXTREMITY:

- Osteology: Clavicle, Scapula, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Carpals, Metacarpals, Phalanges.
- 2. Muscles: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions.

UNIT-III

UPPER EXTREMITY:

- 1. Joints: Shoulder girdle, shoulder joint, elbow joints, radio ulnar joint, wrist joint and joints of the hand.
- 2. Breast, pectoral region, axilla, cubital fossa, Arches of hand
- 3. Brachial plexus, nerves of upper extremity
- 4. Blood vessels and lymphatic drainage

UNIT-IV

CARDIO VASCULAR & RESPIRATORY ANATOMY

- 1. Thoracic wall
- 2. Mediastinum
- 3. Heart: Anatomy of heart, blood Supply, nerve supply, conducting System and major blood vessels
- 4. Lungs: Anatomy of lungs, bronchial tree, pleura, Broncho pulmonary segments, blood Supply and nerve supply
- 5. Diaphragm: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action, openings in the diaphragm.
- 6. Intercostal muscles: and Accessory muscles of Respiration: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action
- 7. Ribs and sternum

UNIT-V

SYSTEMIC ANATOMY

- 1. Digestive system:
 - List the parts of the digestive system
 - Anatomy of stomach, liver, gall bladder, spleen, pancreas, intestines.

2. Urinary system:

Anatomy of kidney, urinary bladder

3. Endocrine system:

Position and hormones secreted by each organ

4. Genital system:

• Male organs and female organs

RECOMMEMDED TEXT BOOKS

1. Human Anatomy – Snell

- 2. Anatomy- Chaurasia, Volume- I,II & III
- 3. Neuro anatomy -- Inderbir Singh
- 4. Human Anatomy Kadasne, Volume- I,II & III
- 5. Neuroanatomy -- Vishrsam Singh
- 6. Human Anatomy Datta

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I

L/T/P/C 4/-/-/4

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The course is designed to study the function of the human body at the molecular, cellular, tissue and systems levels. The major underlying themes are; the mechanisms for promoting homeostasis, cellular processes of the metabolism, membrane function and cellular signaling; the mechanisms that match supply of nutrients to tissue demands at different activity levels; the mechanisms that match the rate of excretion of waste products to their rate ofproduction; the mechanisms that defend the body against injury and promote healing.

These topics address the consideration of nervous and endocrine regulation of the cardiovascular, hematopoietic, pulmonary, renal, gastro-intestinal and musculoskeletal systems including the control of cellular metabolism. The course stresses on the integrative nature of physiological responses in normal function and disease. This course will serve as a pre-requisite/foundation for the furthercourses i.e. Exercise physiology or Pathology

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, the candidate will:

- Acquire the knowledge of the relative contribution of each organ system in maintenance of the Milieu Interior (Homeostasis)
- > Be able to describe physiological functions of various systems, with special

- reference to Musculo-skeletal, Cardio-respiratory,
- Analyze physiological response & adaptation to environmental stresseswith specialemphasis on physical activity, altitude, temperature
- Acquire the skill of basic clinical examination, with special emphasis to Peripheral & Central Nervous system, Cardiovascular & Respiratory system, & Exercise tolerance / Ergography

SYLLABUS

UNIT - I

GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY

Cell:

1. Structure of cell membrane

- a) Fluid mosaic model
- b) Lipid bi-layer
- c) Functions of cell membrane

2. Transport across cell membrane

- A. Basic mechanism of transport
- a) Channel proteins
- b) Carrier proteins
- B. Methods of transport
- a) Passive transport
- b) Active transport

3. Body fluids

- a) Intracellular fluid
- b) Extracellular fluid
- c) Body electrolytes
- d) Regulation of body fluid volume

4. Homeostasis

- a) Regulation of body function
- b) Homeostatic regulatory mechanism

BLOOD:

1. Composition of blood & it's volume

2. Plasma

3. Hemopoiesis

- a) Composition
- b) Plasma protein

4. Erythrocytes

- a) Normal count
- b) Structure of RBC (shape & size)
- c) Functions of RBC
- d) Hemoglobin (Normal Value, Fate, Function)
- e) Anemia & polycythemia
- f) ESR & PCV

5. Leukocytes

- a) Classification
- b) Functions of leukocytes

6. Platelets

- a) Normal count
- b) Functions of thrombocytes
- c) Blood Coagulation
- d) Bleeding time & clotting time

7. Blood group

- a) ABO system
- b) Landsteiner's law
- c) ABO incompatibility
- d) Rh system
- e) Rh incompatibility & erythroblastosis fetalis

8. Blood transfusion

- a) Collection & storage of blood
- b) Precautions
- c) Cross matching
- d) Hazards of blood transfusion

Nerve:

1. Structure of a neuron

- 2. Classification of neurons
- 3. Electrical activity of neuron
 - a) Resting membrane potential
 - b) Action potential
- 4. Propagation of nerve impulse
- 5. Properties of nerve fibers
- 6. Neuroglia Types & functions
- 7. Nerve injury
 - a) Types of nerve injury
 - b) Effect of nerve injury
 - c) Regeneration of damaged nerve fiber

UNIT - II

MUSCLE PHYSIOLOGY

- 1. Classification
- 2. Properties of skeletal muscle
- 3. Structure of skeletal muscle
 - a) Sarcomere
 - b) Sarcotubular system
 - c) Neuromuscular junction & disease affecting it
- 4. Excitation-Contraction coupling
- 5. Mechanism of muscle contraction
- 6. Functions of skeletal muscle
- 7. Types of muscle contractions
- 8. Red & white muscles
- 9. Rigor mortis, muscular dystrophy, altered muscle tone, muscle cramp, atrophy, EMG

UNIT - III

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

- 1. Structure of heart & blood vessels
- 2. Properties of cardiac muscle
- 3. Origin & spread of cardiac impulse

4. Cardiac cycle & heart sounds

5. Cardiac output

- a) Related terms
- b) Regulation of cardiac output
- c) Circulatory shock

6. Pulse & Heart rate and it's regulation

7. Blood pressure

- a) Definitions
- b) Factors controlling & influencing BP
- c) Regulation of BP

8. Regional circulation

- a) Coronary circulation
- b) Cerebral circulation

9. Normal ECG.

UNIT-IV

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

- 1. Introduction, structure & function of RS
 - a) Upper respiratory tract
 - b) Lower respiratory tract
 - c) Respiratory membrane

2. Mechanism of breathing

- a) Mechanics of breathing
- b) Respirstory pressure change
- c) Compliance
- d) Surfactant
- 3. Respiratory volumes & capacities
- 4. Pulmonary ventilation & Dead space
- 5. Transport of respiratory gases
- 6. Nervous & chemical regulation of respiration
- 7. Pulmonary function test direct & indirect method

8. Physiological changes with altitude & acclimatization

UNIT-V

EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY

- 1. Basal Metabolic Rate & Respiratory Quotient
- 2. Energy metabolism
- 3. Fatigue
- 4. Oxygen debt
- 5. Acute cardiovascular changes during exercise; difference between mild, moderate
- & severe exercise.
- 6. Concept of endurance
- 7. Acute respiratory changes during exercise
- 8. Concept of training/conditioning; effects of long-term exercise/training on the CVS
- & RS
- 9. Body temperature regulation during exercise
- 10. Hormonal & metabolic effects during exercise
- 11. Exercise for muscle strength, power, endurance and there effects on it.

Physical fitness & its components

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Textbook on Medical Physiology -Guyton
- 2. Textbook of Physiology –A K Jain (for MBBS students)
- 3. Human Physiology C.C. Chatterjee
- 4. Essentials of Medical Physiology Sembulingam, K.
- 5. Comprehensive Textbook of Medical Physiology: Vol 1 & 2 Pal, Gopal

Krushna

- 6. Physiology: Prep Manual For Undergraduates Joshi, Vijaya D.
- 7. Practical Physiology Joshi, Vijaya D.

BIOCHEMISTRY

L/T/P/C 4/-/-/4

UNIT-I

CARBOHYDRATE CHEMISTRY

- Definition, general classification with examples
- Composition and functions of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides and Polysaccharides
- Anomers, Epimers, Enantiomers, Mutarotation
- Glycosaminoglycans (mucopolysaccharides)

LIPID CHEMISTRY

- Definition, classification with examples.
- Classification and Functions of Fatty acids, Phospholipids, Lipoproteins
- Structure and functions of Cholesterol
- Sources and functions of Ketone bodies

UNIT-II

AMINO ACID CHEMISTRY

- Definition, Classification of amino acids with examples.
- Definition, Classification of proteins with examples
- Structural organization of proteins
- Biologically important peptides

NUCLEIC ACIDS AND NUCLEOTIDE CHEMISTRY

- Composition and Functions of Nitrogen bases, Nucleosides, Nucleotides
- Structure and Functions of DNA
- Structure, Types and Functions of RNA
- Differences between DNA and RNA

UNIT-III

ENZYMES

- Definition, Classification of enzymes with examples
- Active site, Enzyme specificity.
- Factors affecting enzyme activity
- Enzyme inhibition
- Isoenzymes and their clinical significance LDH, Creatine kinase, ALP

VITAMINS

• Definition, Classification

- Fat soluble Vitamins- Sources, RDA, Functions and Deficiency.
- Water soluble Vitamins Sources, RDA, Functions and Deficiency.

UNIT-IV

INTERMEDIARY METABOILISM

- Glycolysis
- TCA cycle
- β-oxidation of fatty acids (Palmitic acid)
- Ketone body formation and utilization
- Urea cycle

UNIT-V

MINERAL METABOLISM

 Definition, Classification. Sources, RDA, Functions and Deficiency of Calcium, Phosphorous, Iron, Sodium, Potassium

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Normal and abnormal constituents of Urine and Blood and their clinical significance:

Normal constituents:

Organic: Urea, Uric acid, Creatinine

Inorganic: Ca, phosphate, chloride, electrolytes

Abnormal constituents:

Glucose, Ketone bodies, Protein, Blood, Bile salts, Bile pigments

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Essentials of Biochemistry by U.Satyanarayana.
- 2. Text book of Biochemistry for Medical students. DM Vasudevan
- 3. Integrated textbook of Biochemistry Volume –I and II. Indumathi.
- 4. Text book of Biochemistry for Medical students. M N Chatterjee and Rana Shinde.
- 5. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry.
- 6. Essentials of Biochemistry. Pankaja Naik

SUBJECT DISCRIPTION Sociology will introduce student to the basic sociology concepts, principles and social process, social institutions in relation to the individual, family and community and the various social factors affecting the family in rural and urban communities in India will be studied.

UNIT 1

1. Introduction:

- a. Meaning- Definition, Nature and Scope of Sociology
- b. Methods of Sociological Investigations, Case Study, Social Survey, Questionnaire and Interview methods.
- c. Importance of its study with special reference to Health Care Professionals.

2. Social Factors in health and disease situations:

- a. Role of Social factors in health
- b. Role of social factor in illness
- c. Decision making in taking treatment

UNIT-2

1. Socialization:

- a. Definition and Meaning of Socialisation
- b. Primary, Secondary and Anticipatory socialisation
- c. Agencies of Socialisation

2. Social Groups:

- a. Definition and Features of Social Group
- b. Primary Social Group
- c. Secondary Social Group
- d. The role of Primary and Secondary Groups in Hospitals.

UNIT-3

1. Family:

- a. The family, meaning and definition
- b. Functions of family
- c. Changing family patterns
- d. Influence of Family on the individuals health, the effects of sickness in the family.

2. Community:

- a. Rural community: meaning and features- Health problems of rural community.
- b. Urban community: meaning and features Health problems in urbanities.

UNIT-4

1. Culture and Health:

- a. Concept of Health
- b. Concept of Culture
- c. Cultural factors affecting Health and diseases

2. Social Change:

- a. Meaning of social change
- b. Factors of social change
- c. Human adaptation and social change
- d. Social planning and Health

UNIT-5

1. Social Problems:

- a. Population explosion
- b. Juvenile delinquency
- c. Alcoholism
- d. Unemployment
- e. Poverty
- f. Problems of women

2. Social Security:

Social security and social legislation

Recommended Books:

- 1. Principles of sociology------ C.N. Shankar Rao
- 2. Sociology for physiotherapy students ----- K.P Neeraja

ENGLISH AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS

L/T/P/C 1/-/2/2

Course Objectives:

- > To enhance the lexical and grammatical skills of the learners.
- > To develop reading competencies for academic and professional requirements.
- > To write effectively to meet professional needs.
- > To hone speaking and listening skills.
- > To enhance empathy and other vital interpersonal skills of the learners

UNIT 1: Sympathy (Poem) by Charles Mackay

Reading - Reading and its importance, techniques of effective reading.

Writing - Paragraph Writing (Topic sentence, Supporting sentences, and Conclusion)

Grammar - Parts of Speech (Parsing), Articles

Vocabulary - Pain and Symptoms, and Common Illness

ELCS LAB

CALL LAB: Phonetics - Vowel Sounds (Monophthongs and Diphthongs)

Listening - Introduction to listening, Purpose of Listening, and Barriers to

effective listening

ICS LAB: Speaking - Self-introduction and Introducing others, JAM

UNIT 2: A Birthday Letter by Jawaharlal Nehru

Reading - Skimming and Scanning

Writing - Letter writing (Requests, Leave applications, Purchase letters, Letters in correspondence with medicalinsurance companies)

Grammar - Phrase, Clause and Sentence; Prepositions

Vocabulary - Body parts and diseases, Definitions / One-word substitutes

ELCS LAB

CALL LAB: Phonetics - Consonant Sounds

Listening - Listening for gist and specific information

ICS LAB: Speaking - Small talk, Narration of anecdotes

UNIT 3: The secret of work by Swami Vivekananda

Reading - Making inferences and predictions

Writing - E-mail writing

Grammar - Tenses, Reported speech

Vocabulary - Food and lifestyle, Instruments and Equipment

ELCS LAB

CALL LAB: Intonation

Listening - Listening and identifying facts and opinions

ICS LAB: Speaking - Role Plays (OET) (Giving and taking instructions, Interacting with

and explaining processes, conditions and instructions to the patients and their

attenders,

UNIT 4: All the world's a stage (Poem) by William Shakespeare

Reading - Reading for explicit and implicit meaning

Writing - Short essays: 2-Paragraph Essay, Thesis Statement

Grammar - Subject-Verb agreement, Degrees of Comparison

Vocabulary - Caring and Emotions, Medical Abbreviations and Acronyms

ELCS LAB

CALL LAB: Consonant Clusters

Listening - Listen- Comprehend - Speak , Health Care

ICS LAB: Speaking - Formal Discussions, Physical Description/Personality

UNIT 5: Sister Nivedita: Calcutta's Angel of Mercy (Article/Essay) by Monidipa Dey

Reading - Intensive and Extensive Reading, Reading comprehension passages from OET and IELTS

Writing - Report writing (Analyzing tests and Reporting patient condition)

Grammar – Voice, If conditionals

Vocabulary - Health, Hygiene and Wellness, Medical Vocabulary/Terminology

ELCS LAB

CALL LAB: Past Tense Markers and Plural Markers

Listening - Listening tasks from OET and IELTS

ICS LAB: Speaking - Conversation practice, Short oral presentations specifying the condition of

the patient

COURSE OUTCOMES:

• Construct grammatically correct sentences with appropriate vocabulary.

- Analyze, interpret and synthesize a diverse range of profession-specific concepts through better comprehension of the text.
- Draft various types of written communication pieces useful to their professional lives.
- Understand and apply norms of scientific communication, soft skills and positive interpersonal communication.
- Listen effectively and speak fluently in formal and informal situations, especially in their workplace.

TEXTBOOK:

1. English for nurses by Vijaya Laxmi Naidu. Nirali Prakashan. 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Practical English Usage by Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- 2. On Writing Well by William Zinsser, Harper Resource Book. 2001.
- 3. Cambridge English for nursing by Virginia Allum and Patricia Mc Garr. CUP. 2010.
- 4. English for nursing by Ross Wright and Bethany Cagnol. Pearson. 2001.
- 5. English for nursing-2 by Maris Spada Symonds and Ross Wright. Pearson. 2001.
- 6. Everyday English for International nurses by Joy Parkinson and Chris Brooker. Elsevier. 2004.
- 7. Oxford English for career Nurses by Tony Grice. Oxford University Press. 2007.

BASICS OF COMPUTERS

L/T/P/C 1/-/2/2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand all components of computer, different working environments and operations of computer.
- 2. To learn creating different types of word documents, MS Excel manipulations, Power pointdocuments.
- **3.** To understand basic requirements of computer network hardware, software and itsnetwork architecture.

UNIT - I

Introduction to computers--Definition of Computer-Characteristics of computer-Components of Computer Hardware – Input & Output devices- Memories – RAM and ROM – MB, GB their conversions – Software : Application Software and Systems software- Data and Information –Different computer languages- Number systems- Binary and decimal conversions.

UNIT - II

MS WORD: Typing text in MS Word– Manipulating text— formatting text—using different font sizes, bold, italic—bullets and numbering —Pictures, Aligning the text and justify—choosing paper size—adjusting margins—header and footer, inserting page no's in a doc—printing a file with options—using spell check and grammar—find and replace—mail merge—insert tables in a document.

UNIT - III

MS EXCEL: Creating MS Excel-Cell editing, using formulas and functions, manipulating data with excel— using sort function to sort numbers and alphabets— drawing graphs and charts using data in excel.

MS POWERPOINT: Slide transition and animation-slides with sounds—inserting clip arts—Pictures, tablesand graphs.

UNIT-IV

Introduction to Computer Networks: Introduction, Computer Network Devices(Hubs, Switches, Routers, Gateway, Bridge, Modems, Wireless Access Points, Firewalls & NIC), Types of computer Networks (LAN, MAN & WAN), Network Topologies (Star, Ring, Mesh, Tree, Hybrid Topologies), Internet Based Applications, Advantages & Disadvantages of Computer Networks, E-Mail, Components of E-Mail, Attaching Files in E-mail, Different Search Engines.

UNIT-V

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & ML: History of AI, Sub Areas of AI, Applications of AI in Healthcare, Benefits of AI in Health Care, Challenges of AI in Healthcare, Introduction to MachineLearning, Applications of Machine Learning, Machine Learning Algorithms, Real world Machine Learning Use Cases.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able

- 1. To understand peripherals of the computer how it works and understand various languages of the computer.
- 2. To create any kind of presentations for presenting their knowledge anywhere in the form ofdocument or ppt.
- 3. To create excel sheets to save data and process the data efficiently.
- **4.** To understand basic requirements of computer network hardware, software and itsnetwork architecture.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Computer Fundamentals by Goel, Anita Pearson
- 2. Computer Fundamentals : Concepts, Systems & Applications- 8th Edition by Priti Sinha, PradeepK., Sinha
- 3. MS-Office 2010 Training Guide by Prof. Satish Jain, M. Geetha
- 4. Computer Networks, Andrews S Tanenbaum, 5th Edition, Pearson Education
- 5. Artificial Intelligence : A modern Approach, Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Third Edition, PearsonEducation
- 6. Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow, Aurelien Geron-Oreilly, 2ndEdition.

Human anatomy practicals for physiotherapy students are essential for understanding the structure of the human body, its systems, and their functional relationships. These practicals focus on giving students hands-on experience in identifying anatomical structures, learning dissection techniques, and understanding the musculoskeletal, nervous, and cardiovascular systems, all of which are vital for effective physiotherapy practice.

GROSS SPECIMENS/SPOTTERS

Upper Extremity

- Identify the spotter- (Cross section of shoulder Joint, Elbow Joint, Wrist complex, Hand)
- 2. Identify the bone- UPPER EXTREMITY BONES (Scapula, Clavicle, Humerus, Radius and Ulna, Carpals, Metacarpals and Phalanges) Including side determination
- 3. Surface Anatomy of the Upper Extremity UPPER EXTREMITY BONES AND MUSCLES
- **4.** Myology- **(cadaveric spotter)** Spotters of the upper extremity muscles including the origin, insertion, blood and nerve supply
- 5. Spotters of Blood vessels (Profunda Brachii, Brachial, Radial, Ulnar)
- **6.** Spotter of Nerves (Axillary, Musculocutaneous, Radial, Median, Ulnar)

Structure and Parts of the Breast-Spotter

Cardio-vascular and Respiratory Anatomy

- 1. Gross Specimen of Heart, Lung
- 2. Spotters of Bronchial tree, Bronchopulmonary segments
- 3. Myology- (Diaphragm, Intercoastal muscles and Accessory Muscles)

Systemic Anatomy

 Gross Specimen/Spotter (Stomach, Liver, Gall Bladder, Spleen, Pancreas, Intestines, Kidney, Uterus)

- 2. Cross section of Kidney
- 3. Spotters of Glands- (Pituitary Gland, Thyroid gland, Adrenal gland, Parathyroid, Pineal Gland)

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - I Practical

L/T/P/C -/-/4/2

These practicals typically align with the theoretical aspects of physiology and help students apply concepts to real-world clinical scenarios. Key Areas Covered in Human Physiology for this semester includes the following.

- 1. Determination of blood group
- 2. Estimation of haemoglobin concentration
- 3. Peripheral pulse determination
- 4. Auscultation of Heart sounds
- 5. Determination of blood pressure
- 6. Auscultation of breathe sounds
- **7.** Assessment of respiratory rate
- 8. Anthropometric assessment (BMI & WHR)

Semester- II

- 1. Human Anatomy II
- 2. Human Physiology II
- 3. Health Psychology
- 4. Cardiac Instrumentation
- 5. Human Anatomy II Practical
- 6. Human Physiology II Practical
- 7. VAC 1. and VAC 2 (Interpersonal Communication and Stress Management)

HUMAN ANATOMY – II

L/T/P/C 4/-/-/4

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The focus of this course is an in-depth study and analysis of the regional and systemic organization of the body. Emphasis is placed upon structure and function of human movement. A comprehensive study of human anatomy with emphasis on the nervous, musculoskeletal and circulatory systems is incorporated. Introduction to general anatomy laysthe foundation of the course. Dissection and identification of structures in the cadaver supplemented with the study of charts, models, prosected material and radiographs are utilized to identify anatomical landmarks and configurations.

Objectives:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- ➤ Identify & describe Anatomical aspects of muscles, bones, joints, their attachments & to understand and analyze movements.
- Apply the knowledge of anatomy on the living (living anatomy).
- Identify and describe the course of peripheral nerves and blood vessels
- Obtain Knowledge of other systems & sensory organs

SYLLABUS

UNIT-I

LOWER EXTREMITY:

- 1. Osteology including features, side determination, muscular attachment, clinical and applied anatomy of the following lower extremity bones
 - Innominate bone, femur, tibia, fibula, patella, tarsals, metatarsals and phalanges.
- 2. Myology: Origin, insertion, nerve supply, action, function, clinical and applied anatomy
 - Anterior compartment of thigh, Medial compartment and Posterior compartment
 - Gluteal Region
 - Anterior aspect of leg, medial and lateral aspect, Posterior aspect of leg
 - Dorsum of foot

UNIT-II

LOWER EXTREMITY:

- Arthrology: Joint structure, articulating components, relations, joint actions,
 Clinical and Applied Anatomy including Radiography
- 2. Hip Joint, Knee joint, Ankle joint, joints of the foot.
- 3. Femoral triangle, femoral canal and inguinal canal, Adductor canal, popliteal fossa, arches of foot
- 4. Lumbar plexus, Sacral plexus, Nerves of the Lower Extremity including cutaneous Nerves
- 5. Blood vessels and lymphatic drainage

UNIT-III

VERTEBRAL COLUMN AND PELVIC GIRDLE:

- 1. Atypical and typical vertebra
- 2. Structure and features of Cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacral and coccygeal vertebrae
- 3. Origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions of pre and para vertebral muscles
- 4. Muscles of Trunk and Abdomen
- 5. Core muscle Anatomy

- 6. Joints of vertebral column, structure and composition of intervertebral disc including the Radiography Evaluation
- 7. Joint structure, articulating components, relations, joint actions, Clinical and Applied Anatomy including Radiography of Sacro-Iliac joint
- 8. Structure of Innominate bone Pelvic girdle and muscles of the pelvic floor including Applied Anatomy

UNIT-IV

HEAD AND NECK:

- 1. Bones of the skull and face
- Muscles of the face and neck
- 3. Triangles of the neck
- 4. Gross anatomy of eyeball, nose, ears and tongue

UNIT-V

NEURO ANATOMY:

- 1. General organization of Nervous System
- 2. Central Nervous System-Gross structure of Brain and Spinal Cord
- 3. Diencephalon- Gross structure of Thalamus, Hypothalamus and Basal Ganglia
- 4. Meninges and Coverings of spinal cord
- 5. Cerebro-Spinal Fluid and ventricles of brain
- 6. Spinal Cord-Segmental features, Laminae, Nuclei, Tracks of spinal cord
- 7. Spinal nerves, nerve root ganglia
- 8. Blood supply to brain and spinal cord with clinical and applied anatomy
- 9. Peripheral Nervous system
- 10. Cranial nerves- Course and applied AnatomNeuromuscular junction

RECOMMEMDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Human Anatomy Snell
- 2. Anatomy- Chaurasia, Volume- I,II & III
- 3. Neuro anatomy -- Inderbir Singh
- 4. Human Anatomy Kadasne, Volume- I,II & III

- 5. Neuroanatomy -- Vishrsam Singh
- 6. Human Anatomy Datta

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-II

L/T/P/C 4/-/-/4

COURSE DESCRIPTION

The course in Physiology over the first year is designed to give the student an in-depth knowledge of fundamental reactions in the human body. The major topics covered include the following: Nervous system, special senses, reproductive system, endocrine system, gastro-intestinal and excretory.

Objectives:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- Describe physiological functions of various systems, with special reference to nervous system
- Acquire the skill of basic clinical examination, with special emphasis to Peripheral & Central Nervous system, special senses.

SYLLABUS

UNIT-I

NERVOUS SYSTEM-I

- 1. Introduction to nervous system CNS, PNS and ANS
- 2. Neurotransmitters Definition, fate of neurotransmitter, types
- 3. Synapse Definition, type, structure, transmission of impulse across a synapse, properties.
- 4. Receptors and Sensation Types of sensations, Classification of receptors, properties
- 5. Sensory System Organization of the sensory system, sensory Homunculus
- 6. Ascending Tracts Definitions, Neuronal composition of ascending tracts, dorsal column, anterolateral tract
- 7. Pathophysiology of pain Definitions, hyperalgesia and allodynia, deep pain, referred

- pain and it's theories, management of chronic pain, endogenous opioid analgesic system
- 8. Motor Cortex Cerebrum, cortical areas of brain, motor homunculus, cerebral dominance, connections, mapping the functional areas of brain
- 9. Descending Tracts Pyramidal system, extrapyramidal system

UNIT-II

NERVOUS SYSTEM-II

- 1. Spinal cord Introduction, effects of complete transection of the spinal cord, effects of hemisection of the spinal cord(Brown-Sequard Syndrome)
- Reflexes Reflex action, reflex arc, classification, properties, types conditioned reflex, stretch reflex, inverse stretch reflex, withdrawal reflex, crossed extensor reflex, superficial reflexes(Plantar & Abdominal)
- 3. Connections, Functions and applied aspect of thalamus, hypothalamus, cerebellum, basal ganglia
- 4. Regulation of tone, Posture and it's reflexes, Equilibrium and vestibular apparatus
- 5. Limbic system, Reticular Activating System, Sleep and it's types, sleep disorders, Electroencephalogram (EEG)
- 6. Higher Functions Learning, Memory, Speech
- 7. Autonomic Nervous System Sympathetic division, Parasympathetic division, control of autonomic functions
- 8. Cerebrospinal fluid Formation and circulation, composition and properties, functions, applied aspect Hydrocephalus, lumbar puncture

UNIT-III

SPECIAL SENSES:

- 1. Vision Anatomy of eye, visual pathway, pupillary reflexes, dark adaptation, light adaptation, photosensitivity
- 2. Hearing Anatomy of ear, auditory pathway, tests for hearing Watch test, Rinne's test, Weber's test, deafness, Audiometry
- 3. Taste and Smell: Taste sensations, taste pathway, olfactory pathway

ENDOCRINOLOGY:

- Hormones Definition, types, hormonal chemistry, regulation, hormone receptor, mechanism of action
- 2. Secretion, regulation, function and applied aspect of Hypothalamus, Pituitary Gland, Thyroid Gland, Parathyroid Gland, Pancreas, Adrenal Gland.

UNIT-IV

REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:

- Sex determination and differentiation & it's abnormalities, puberty, importance of sex hormones
- 2. Female reproductive system Internal & external genital organs, Oogenesis, Structure of egg, Follicle development, ovulation, menstrual cycle, menopause
- 3. Male reproductive system Testes, accessory sex organs, Spermatogenesis, structure of sperm
- 4. Physiology of pregnancy Fertilization, Implantation, Placenta(formation, function, hormones), maternal changes during pregnancy, pregnancy tests, infertility
- 5. Childbirth Physiology Parturition, Lactation

UNIT-V

GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM:

- 1. Physiological stages of digestion
- 2. Liver function

EXCRETORY SYSTEM:

- 1. Kidneys-structure & function
- 2. Urine formation (to exclude concentration and dilution)
- 3. Juxtaglomerular apparatus
- 4. Fluid and electrolyte balance Na, K, H₂O
- 5. Neural control of Micturition and diuresis
- **6.** Applied physiology: Types of bladder

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

1. Text book on Medical Physiology – Guyton

HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

L/T/P/C 3/-/-/3

SUBJECT DESCRIPTION

Human Psychology involves the study of various behavioural patterns of individuals, theories of development, normal and abnormal aspects of motor, social, emotional and language development, communication and interaction skills appropriate to various age groups. The study of these subjects will help the student to understand their clients while assessment and while planning appropriate treatment methods.

Objectives:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- Define the term Psychology & its importance in the Health delivery system, & will gain knowledge of Psychological maturation during human development & growth & alterations during aging process.
- Understand the importance of psychological status of the person in health & disease; environmental & emotional influence on the mind & personality.
- Have the knowledge and skills required for good interpersonal communication.

SYLLABUS

UNIT - I

1. Introduction to Psychology

- a) Schools: Structuralism, functionalism, behaviourism, Psychoanalysis.
- b) Methods: Introspection, observation, inventory and experimental method.
- c) Branches: pure psychology and applied psychology
- d) Psychology and physiotherapy

2. Growth and Development

- a) Life span: Different stages of development (Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood, middle age, old age).
- b) Heredity and environment: role of heredity and environment in physical and psychological development, "Nature v/s Nurture controversy".

UNIT-II

1. Sensation, attention and perception

- a) Sensation: Vision, Hearing, Olfactory, Gustatory and Cutaneous sensation, movement, equilibrium and visceral sense.
- b) Attention: Types of attention, Determinants of attention (subjective determinants and objective determinants).
- c) Perception: Gestalt principles of organization of perception (principle of figure ground and principles of grouping), factors influencing perception (past experience and context).
- d) Illusion and hallucination: different types.

2. Motivation

- a) Motivation cycle (need, drive, incentive, reward).
- b) Classification of motives.
- c) Abraham Maslow's theory of need hierarchy

UNIT - III

1. Frustration and conflict

a) Frustration: sources of frustration.

- b) Conflict: types of conflict.
- c) Management of frustration and conflict

2. Emotions

- a) Three levels of analysis of emotion (physiological level, subjective state, and overt behavior).
- b) Theories of emotion
- c) Stress and management of stress.

3. Intelligence

- a) Theories of intelligence.
- b) Distribution of intelligence.
- c) Assessment of intelligence

UNIT-IV

1. Learning

- a) Factors effecting learning.
- b) Theories of learning: trial and error learning, classical conditioning, Operant conditioning, insight learning, social learning theory.
- c) The effective ways to learn: Massed/Spaced, Whole/Part, Recitation/Reading, Serial/Free recall, Incidental/Intentional learning, Knowledge of results, association, organization, and mnemonic methods.

2. Thinking

- a) Reasoning: deductive and inductive reasoning
- b) Problem solving: rules in problem solving (algorithm and heuristic)
- c) Creative thinking: steps in creative thinking, traits of creative people

UNIT-V

1. Personality

- a) Approaches to personality: type & trait, behavioristic, psychoanalytic and humanistic approach.
- b) Personality assessment: observation, situational test, questionnaire, rating scale, interview, and projective techniques.

c) Defence Mechanisms: denial of reality, rationalization, projection, reaction formation, identification, repression, regression, intellectualization, undoing, introjection, acting out.

Recommended books:

- 1. Invitation to Psychology Beena and Paremeshwaran.
- 2. General Psychology S.K.Mangal.
- 3. Introduction to Health Psychology Shelly E. Taylor.
- 4. Introduction to Psychology Atkinson and Hilgard.
- 5. Introduction to Psychology Morgan and king.
- 6. Psychology applied to modern life Wayne Weiten Margareta L. Lord.
- 7. Psychology and Sociology for GNM and BPT student Jacob Anthikad

CARDIAC INSTRUMENTATION

L/T/P/C 3/-/2/4

UNIT I:

TRANSDUCERS: Classification & Selection of transducers, Types: Pressure transducers: Resistive strain gauge, capacitance, Inductance and piezoelectric transducers; Photoelectric transducers: Photoconductive transducers

UNIT II:

ELECTRODES & AMPLIFIERS: Principles of working and their characteristics,
Half-cell potential, Types of electrodes: Surface electrodes, needle electrodes &
microelectrodes; Amplifiers for biomedical instrumentation.

UNIT III:

PHYSIOLOGICAL SIGNALS & MEASUREMENTS: Basics of ECG, PCG and Instrumentation for measuring these signals, Measurement of blood pressure, Measurement of blood flow by Electromagnetic & Doppler methods.

UNIT IV:

CARDIAC PACEMAKERS: External and Implantable pacemakers, Types oftriggering: Asynchronous and Synchronous, Pacemaker Electrodes.

Defibrillators: AC and DC defibrillators, Types of electrodes and their features, cardioverters.

UNIT V:

ULTRASOUND: Basic principles of Ultrasound, Principles of echocardiography.

Heart-Lung Machine: Principle of working, Functional details of bubble, thin film& Membrane oxygenators. Principles of X-rays, CT & MRI.

Reference books:

Biomedical instrumentation, technology and application. R.S Chandpur

GROSS SPECIMENS/SPOTTERS

SPINE, PELVIS AND LOWER EXTREMITY

- 7. Identify the **spotter** Osteology- Identify the bone, LOWER EXTREMITY BONES (Innominate bone, femur, tibia, fibula, patella, tarsals, metatarsals and phalanges.) Including side determination, Spinal Segments, Vertebrae (Cervical, Thoracic, Lumbar, Sacral and Coccyx), Pelvis and Innominate Bones
- 8. Surface Anatomy of the Spine and Lower Extremity –Atlas, Axis, C-7 vertebrae, Spinous and Transverse process of vertebra, Locate the Innominate bone, ASIS and PSIS, Coccyx, Sacrum, Greater Trochanter, Condyles of femur, Patella, Tibial Tubercles and condyles, Shin Bone, Tarsal bones, Malleoli
- **9.** Myology- **(cadaveric spotter)** Spotters of the lower extremity muscles including the origin, insertion, blood and nerve supply
- 10. Arthrology- (Cross section of Hip Joint, Knee Joint, Ankle Joint, Joints of Foot, Pelvic Joints, Joints of Spine, Intervertebral Joints, Facet Joints, Sacro-Iliac Joints)
- 11. Abdominal muscles, Pre and para vertebral muscles, pelvic floor muscles
- 12. Popliteal Fossa, Inguinal Canal, Arches of foot
- 13. Spotters of Blood vessels

NEURO-ANATOMY

IDENTIFY THE SPOTTER

- 1. Cross Section of the Skull, Sinuses of skull,
- 2. Muscles of the skull and face
- 3. Triangles of the neck

SYSTEMIC ANATOMY

- 1. Gross Specimen/Spotter (Brain and Spinal Cord)
- 2. Cross section of brain and spinal cord
- 3. Identify the spinal nerves
- 4. Cranial Nerve

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL – II

L/T/P/C -/-/3/1.5

- 1. Examination of superficial sensations
- 2. Examination of deep sensations
- 3. Examination of cortical sensations
- 4. Examination of reflexes
- 5. Cranial nerve examination
- 6. Examination of Balance and coordination

INTERPERSONAL COMMUNICATION

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

STRESS MANAGEMENT

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

SECOND YEAR

Semester - III

- 1. Cardiac Anatomy and Physiology
- 2. ECG and Holter Monitoring
- 3. Medical Microbiology
- 4. Pathology
- 5. Clinical Assessment-I
- 6. VAC (Soft Skills Development)

CARDIAC ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

L/T/P/C 4/-/2/5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To familiarize and introduce students to intense anatomical features of the heart and physiological changes during various pathological conditions.
- 2. To provide an understanding of certain conditions involving the dynamics of cardiac physiology.

UNIT – I Anatomy of Heart

Structure of Pericardium – Layers of pericardium, blood supply, nerve supply.

External and Internal features of heart – surfaces and borders of heart, atria and ventricles, inter

atrial septum and inter ventricular septum.

UNIT - II Structures of Heart

Great vessels of heart Aorta and its branches, pulmonary trunk, Superior and Inferior Vena Cava

Atrioventricular valves and semilunar valves.

Musculature of heart – properties of cardiac muscle.

Systemic and pulmonary Circulation.

UNIT - III

Blood supply of heart – coronary circulation

Venous drainage of heart

Fetal Circulation of Heart.

Innervation of heart – Parasympathetic and sympathetic nerve supply.

UNIT-IV

Cardiac cycle – Heart sounds, Murmurs of Heart.

Conduction system of heart – Factors affecting Heart Rate

Cardiac output, factors influencing cardiac output, methods to calculate cardiac output

UNIT - V

Circulatory shock.

Blood pressure – methods, factors affecting blood pressure.

Applied Anatomy and physiology – Myocardial infarction, hypertension, Bradycardia, tachycardia, Regurgitation of valves.

PRACTICALS:

Blood pressure measurement with sphygmomanometer

Auscultation of heart sounds and interpretation

Demonstration of Coronary arteries using cadaver heart

Analysis and interpretation of physiological condition fluctuation during cardiac pathologies

REFERENCES:

- 1. BD Chaurasia's Handbook of General Anatomy, B.D.Chaurasia, 2009, fourth edition.
- 2. Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness, Anne Waugh, Allison Wynn Grant, 2015, 12th edition
- 3. Basics of Medical Physiology D Venkatesh, H.H. Sudhakar, Third Edition

ECG AND HOLTER MONITORING

L/T/P/C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To familiarize and introduce students to intense anatomical features of the heart and physiological changes during various pathological conditions.
- 2. To provide an understanding of certain conditions involving the dynamics of cardiac physiology.

UNIT I:

ECG- Basic principles –The electrocardiographic paper; amplitude, frequency, rate & rhythm, the electrical field of heart, the leads; standard limb leads; precordial leads, the basic ECG deflections; the normal P wave, QRS complex, the genesis of QRS complex, transition zone, T wave, U wave, Segments and intervals of waves, rotation of heart, electrical Axis ECG in CAD – Myocardial infarction, types of MI, STEMI, NSTEMI, ischemic Acuteness score, Localisation of MI, wellen's syndrome

UNIT II:

ECG in Angina -angina syndromes- stable angina, unstable angina, prinzmetal angina. **ECG in Bundle branch blocks-** Right bundle branch blocks, left bundle branch blocks, fascicular blocks.

UNIT III:

Chamber enlargement – left atrial Enlargement, Right atrial enlargement **Hypertrophy**- Right ventricular hypertrophy, Left ventricular hypertrophy

UNIT IV:

Arrhythmias: Atrial arrhythmia- Atrial fibrillation, Atrial flutter, Atrial Premature complex, atrial Tachycardia and Supraventricular tachycardia.

Ventricular Arrhythmias- Atrial fibrillation, Atrial flutter, Atrial Premature complex, atrial Tachycardia, Brugada criteria.

AV nodal arrhythmias, Pacemaker rhythm

UNIT V:

ECG in miscellaneous conditions: cardiomyopathies, Pericarditis, Myocarditis, pulmonary thromboembolism, ECG in electrolyte imbalance
Brugada syndrome, Basics of Holter test- indications and interpretation.

PRACTICALS:

Machine setting and patient positioning

ECG lead placement

ECG interpretation (identifying deflection, heart rate, rhythm, electrical axis deviation)

ECG in coronary artery disease

ECG in chamber abnormalities (bundle branch blocks, ventricular hypertrophy, atrial enlargement)

ECG in conduction abnormalities

References:

1. 2. An introduction to electrocardiography – Leoschamroth, 8th edition

The ECG made easy John R Hampton 8th edition

MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY

L/T/P/C 3/-/2/4

UNIT I:

GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

Introduction and History of Microbiology, Microscopy, Morphology of Bacteria, Bacterial Growth

Curve and Multiplication, Culture Media & Culture Methods, Sterilization and Disinfection,

Antimicrobial agents and their mechanism, Antibiotic sensitivity testing.

Immunity (Innate & Acquired), Antigen, Antibody-Immuno-globulins, Antigen-Antibody reactions-

Precipitation and Agglutination reactions, Hypersensitivity.

UNIT II:

HOST- PATHOGEN - INFECTION

Normal Human Microbiota, Infection & related terminology, Host-Parasitic Relationship,

Source of Infection, Vehicles and Vectors, the transmission of infection, microbial pathogenicity

& Predisposing factors , factors responsible for the multiplication of pathogens.

HOSPITAL INFECTION & PREVENTION

Hospital infection & Microbial surveillance: Personal Protective Equipment, Biomedical Waste

Management, Central Sterile Supply Department, Infection Control & its policy, Antibiotic

stewardship in health care centre; Needle stick injury, Post exposure prophylaxis.

UNIT III:

RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS

Bacterial: Streptococcal Pharyngitis, Diphtheria, Tuberculosis

Viral infections: Influenza, Adeno virus, Covid-19.

Fungal infections: Zygomycosis, Aspergillosis

UROGENITAL &SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES

Syphilis,

Gonorrhea HIV,

HBV

Congenital infections, Toxoplasmosis.

UNIT IV:

SKIN AND SOFT TISSUE INFECTIONS

Bacterial: Staphylococcal skin infections, Gas gangrene, Anthrax

Fungal: Dermatophytes, Candidiasis, Penicillium marneffei

Parasitic: Free living amoeba(Granulomatous Amoebic Encephalitis), Cysticercosis, Filariasis.

Ocular infections: Conjunctivitis, Keratitis, Endopthalmitis.

Viral exanthems: Herpes, Measles.

GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT INFECTIONS

Bacterial: Food poisoning- Bacillus cereus, Escherichia coli, Clostridium difficle,

Salmonellosis, Cholera, Bacillary dysentery.

Parasitic infections: Amoebiasis, Ancylostomiasis, Ascariasis

Viral infections: Rota virus

UNIT V:

BLOOD & CARDIOVASCULAR INFECTIONS

Infective endocarditis, Acute rheumatic fever

Malaria, Dengue, Enteric fever.

INFECTIONS OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

Bacterial Meningitis, Tetanus

Viral Encephalitis

Fungal Cryptococcus

Rabies

REFERENCE

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. Ananthanarayana & Paniker Medical Microbiology- University Press Essentials of Medical Microbiology, Apurba Shankar Sastry.

CP Baveja, Textbook of Microbiology,

Chatterjee- Parasitology- Interpretation to Clinical Medicine

Jagdish Chandra, Textbook of Mycology.

Betty Forbes, Daniel Sahm, Alice Weinfield, Bailey-Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, 12th

Edition, Mosby. 2007.

- 7. Gerald Collee J, Andrew G Fraser, Barrie P Marmion, Mackie and McCartney's Practical Medical Microbiology, Elsevier.2006.
- 8. Elmer W Koneman etal. Koneman's Color Atlas and Text-Book of Diagnostic Microbiology 6thEdition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins,2005

Unit-I (Basics in general pathology)

Cell injury: agents causing cell injury, cellular adaptations (hypertrophy, atrophy,

hyperplasia, metaplasia)

reversible and irreversible injury.

Inflammation: cardinal signs of inflammation, acute and chronic inflammation. Laboratory

tests in inflammation.

Hemodynamics: edema, thromboembolism, shock

Neoplasia: definition of neoplasm, differences between benign and malignant tumors,

carcinogenesis

Infections: tuberculosis, leprosy

Unit-II (Basics in systemic pathology)

CVS: Atherosclerosis and its complication, Myocardial infarction.

Respiratory system; pneumonia, Lung cancer

GIT: peptic ulcer, gastric cancer

Liver: viral hepatitis, Gall stones

Kidney: UTI, Urinary stones

CNS: meningitis

Breast: Fibro adenoma, breast carcinoma

Unit-III (Basics in Hematology and blood banking)

Hematopoiesis

RBC's: Definition of anemia, Classification and diagnosis of anemia.

Brief concept about Iron deficiency anemia, megaloblastic anemia, Sickle cell anemia.

Leukocyte disorder-briefly leukemia, leukocytosis, and agranulocytosis.

Bleeding disorder- definition, classification and Brief concept about Immune

Thrombocytopenic Purpura (ITP) and Hemophilia.

Blood Transfusion: Blood groups, Cross matching, types of Blood components & Indications, Blood Transfusion reactions.

Unit-IV (Clinical Pathology)

Examination of Urine- Collection and Preservation, Physical, Chemical and microscopic examination for abnormal constituents.

Examination of CSF

Sputum examination

Unit-V (Techniques in Pathology)

Blood collection, Hemoglobin estimation, ESR & PT/APTT.

RBC Count, WBC Count and Differential Leucocyte count

Basics in tissue processing.

FNAC, staining techniques (H&E stain and Pap stain).

Reference textbooks

- 1. Textbook of Pathology by Harsh Mohan
- 2. Text and practical of Haematology for mbbs by Tejinder Singh
- 3. Essentials of Clinical pathology by Shirish M Kawthalkar
- 4. Textbook of practical pathology by Harsh Mohan

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT - I

L/T/P/C 2/-/4/4

Theory and Practicals

Demonstration of anatomical features through cadaver heart

Demonstration of coronary arteries and their location

Demonstration of Auscultation in heart sounds

Physiology of Cardiovascular system.

Introduction and interpretation of ECG

ECG in Coronary artery disease

ECG in electrolyte imbalance

ECG in arrhythmia

Case seminars

Hands On practice on ECG

Semester – IV

- 1. Ultrasound physics and Doppler Principles
- 2. Congenital Heart Disease I
- 3. Basics of Echocardiography and cardiac pacemakers
- 4. Medical ethics and legal aspects
- 5. Clinical Assessment-II
- 6. VAC (Health and Well Being)

ULTRASOUND PHYSICS AND DOPPLER PRINCIPLES

L/T/P/C 3/-/2/4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1.To understand the Physics and working principle under Ultrasound Instrument for better operation.
- 2. To make students analyze the working of the Ultrasound and troubleshoot on demand.

UNIT I:

Basics of Ultrasound & sound waves, propagation of ultrasound wave, properties of ultrasound, and interaction of Ultrasound with tissue: reflection, refraction, attenuation, scattering, acoustic impedances of media, specular and scattered echoes, image properties in ultrasound: Hyperechoic, hypoechoic, Anechoic, Clinical applications and Limitations of ultrasound imaging.

UNIT II:

Transducers and the Production of Ultrasound Beams: Transducer design, types of transducers, high and low frequency transducers, piezoelectric effect, acoustic absorber, matching layer, pulse characteristics: resonant and non-resonant transducers, focal zone grating lobes and side lobes. Frensel and Fraunhofer zone, Q-factor, Pulse Repetition Frequency (PRF). Phased array transducer and linear array transducer

UNIT III:

Display modes: A-mode, B- mode, TM- mode and grey scale imaging. Principles of M-mode and Two-dimensional Echocardiography Components of echo machine, their controls and the protocols for maintaining the equipment.

Image quality in Ultrasound. Artefacts and its types in ultrasound.

UNIT IV:

Doppler instrumentation- doppler effect, doppler shift frequency, doppler equation, doppler angle. Continuous and pulsed wave doppler: Applications and limitations Colour Flow Imaging: Applications and limitations, aliasing, Nyquist limit

Assessing severity of regurgitations, limitations of color flow, 'billiard ball effect', Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area (PISA), Tissue Doppler imaging and 3D echocardiography

UNIT V:

The role of ultrasound in Transesophageal Echocardiography, Cardiac dysynchrony and Dobutamine Stress Echocardiography, Contrast Enhanced Ultrasound imaging, Ultrasound-guided interventions & procedures.

PRACTICALS:

Ultrasound machine and its components

Types of Transducers and its key features

Protocol for maintenance and upkeep of the equipment

Machine settings, controls and parameters

Role of echocardiography in Transesophageal Echocardiography and Dobutamine stress Echo

REFERENCES:

- 1. The physics of Radiology and imaging- K Thayalan, first edition:2014, Jaypee Brothers medical publishers (P) LTD.
- 2. The Washington manual of echocardiography- Wolters Kluwer, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE I

L/T/P/C 3/-/2/4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1.To acquire basic knowledge about embryology and formation of Heart tube.

2. To understand and interpret the occurrence of each congenital heart disease and their pathogenesis.

UNIT 1:

Embryology of heart

Vasculogenesis, angiogenesis, Formation of heart tube, cardiac looping, fate of venous sinosus, formation of cardiac septum, formation of pulmonary veins, formation of great vessels, embryology of conducting system.

UNIT 2:

Monozygotic and dizygotic twins, teratogens and birth defects Fetal circulation, postnatal changes in circulation and congenital heart diseases. Respiration, Classification of congenital heart diseases.

UNIT 3:

Atrial septal defect- types, causes, management- pharmacological and surgical Other acyanotic diseases

Acyanotic congenital heart disease – Ventricular septal defect, types, management, pharmacological and surgical.

UNIT 4:

Acyanotic heart diseases

PDA – Embryology, pathophysiology, hemodynamic classification, krichenko Classification

UNIT 5:

Co- A - types based on location, associated anamolies, management and surgical procedures. AVSD – types of AVSD, Associated anamolies, down syndrome, Management and surgical procedures

Reference books:

- 1. A Comprehensive Approach to Congenital Heart Diseases, 2nd edition, IB vijyalakshmi
- 2. Clinical management of congenital heart diseases, Douglas S Moodie
- 3. Inderbir singh's, Human embryology, 11th edition

BASICS OF ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY AND CARDIAC PACEMAKERS

L/T/P/C 4/-/2/5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To acquire basic knowledge about the components and working of Cardiac pacemakers.
- 2. To introduce the concepts of basic echocardiographic views.

UNIT 1:

Basic concepts of pacemaker

Introduction over-view

Pacemaker circuits, mode

Pacing leads, electrical aspects of pacing, Power source, connections, Ohms law applications
PG circuits

UNIT 2:

Temporary pacemakers: Indication, components, modes, Procedures, pacing methods, lead testing, trouble-shootings, Complication

Permanent Pacemakers: Introduction, Cardiac hemodynamics, Basic components,
Classifications (NBG code), Indications, Physiology of cardiac pacing, Lead thresholds, Factors
affecting threshold

UNIT 3:

Implantable cardioverter Defibrillators Introduction: Sudden cardiac death,

Indications

Contraindications

System components and functions

Implantation and testing procedures

Device programming for arrhythmia recognition

Management and follow-up

UNIT 4:

Echo cardiographic views and modalities

Acquisition techniques of Trans -Thoracic views, Acquisition techniques of Aortic arch view, Acquisition techniques of subcoastal view

Modalities of Echo

Conventional echo, Doppler echo, Basics of stress echo, epicardial imaging, intracardiac echocardiography- indications and contraindications.

UNIT 5:

- Quantification of Right atrium, left atrium, Right ventricle, Left ventricle, Right ventricle.
- Assessment of temporary, permanent pacemaker in echo.

PRACTICALS:

Patient positioning and image viewing

Identifying segmental analysis

Advanced Cardiac Life support algorithm

Types of pacemaker, lead placements and modes.

Positioning and steps involved in Defibrillator operation

Reference books:

Cardiac catheterization: William Grossman, Eric Topols, Morten B Kern

The echo manual- jae K.Oh, James B. Seward, A.Jamil Tajik

MEDICAL ETHICS AND LEGAL ASPECTS

L/T/P/C 2/-/2/3

Course Objectives:

Medical ethics has developed into a well-based discipline which acts as a "bridge" between theoretical bioethics and the bedside. The goal is "to improve the quality of patient care by identifying, analyzing, and attempting to resolve the ethical problems that arise in practice". Physicians are bound by, not just moral obligations, but also by laws and official regulations that form the legal framework to regulate medical practice. Hence, it is now a universal consensus that legal and ethical considerations are inherent and inseparable parts of good medical practice across the whole spectrum. Few of the important and relevant topics that need to be focused on are as follows:

UNIT-I:

Medical ethics – Definition, Goal & Scope, Importance of medical ethics, Goals of medical interventions.

Introduction to Codes of conduct: Athreya Anushasana, Charaka Samhita, Sushruta Samhita, Hippocratic Oath, Helsinki declaration, International code of medical ethics, Nuremberg code, Declaration of Geneva.

Basic Principles of Medical ethics – Autonomy, Beneficence, Confidentiality, Nonmaleficence, Equity.

UNIT - II

Rights and responsibilities of patients

Informed consent – Definition, Types, need for informed consent, conditions need to obtain informed consent.

Rational & irrational drug therapy – Definitions of Rational & irrational drugs, Factors responsible for rational & irrational drug usage, Standard treatment guidelines.

Medical records – Definition, components of medical record & advantages of medical records

UNIT - III

Care of the terminally ill

Euthanasia - Definition, Types of euthanasia

Organ transplantation – Definition, Types of organ transplants, Ethical issues in organ transplantation.

Professional indemnity insurance policy

UNIT-IV

Medical law – Definition, Types of medical law – civil & criminal law

Medico legal cases – Definition of medico legal case, examination of medico

legal case, documents related to MLC, ownership and retention of medico legal cases,

confidentiality privilege communication

Malpractice & medical negligence – Definition, causes of medical negligence, classification of medical negligence based on court of law & liability, measures to avoid medical negligence.

UNIT-V

Development of standardized protocol to avoid near miss or sentinel events

Prenatal diagnosis – Definition, Indications, Brief on PCPND Tact

Human experimentation – Definition, Important requisites, Institutional ethical committeeResponsibilities

Recommended Books

1. Medical Ethics &Law, The CorCurriculum - Tony HopeAtla

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT - II

L/T/P/C 2/-/4/4

Theory and Practicals

Instrumentation handling and sterilization techniques.

Cardiac pacemaker- types

Machine settings & patient positioning

Clinical practice and observation of critically ill cardiac patients

Echo handling of post PTCA patients in ICCU

Observation and recording of Log and patient details

Hands on practice of echo views.

Case presentations

HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

THIRD YEAR

Semester - V

- 1. Clinical applications of Echo
- 2. Myocardial, pericardial, Valvular and Ischemic Heart Diseases
- 3. Congenital heart disease II
- 4. Clinical Assessment I
- 5. VAC (Environmental Awareness)

CLINICAL APPLICATIONS OF ECHO

L/T/P/C 4/-/2/5

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Understanding Basic Principles and the different modes of echocardiography.
- 2. Develop skills in interpreting echocardiographic images and data.

UNIT 1

Chamber quantification – RA, RV LA, LV

Assessment of ECHO in ischemic cardiomyopathy and non ischemic cardiomyopathy Assessment of pericardial disease in echocardiography.

UNIT II

Assessment of ECHO in CAD – systolic and diastolic function

Echo in rheumatic heart disease –Echo in mitral stenosis, mitral regurgitation, aortic stenosis, aortic regurgitation, pulmonary hypertension.

Prosthetic valves and its functional assessment in echo.

UNIT III

Introduction of 3D Echocardiogram and its application, Transesophageal echocardiography-indication, procedure, usefulness and complications and its management.

Tissue doppler, strain, strain rate and velocity vector imaging, studying

UNIT IV

Stress echocardiography – indications, contraindications, mechanism of diagnosis, applications and complications,

Chemically induced Dobutamine stress test – indications, contraindications, mechanism of diagnosis, applications and complications. Vasodilator (dipyridamole or Adenosine) Stress test – indications, contraindications, mechanism of diagnosis, applications and complication.

UNIT V

Dobutamine stress echocardiogram in aortic stenosis - indications, contraindications, mechanism of diagnosis, applications and complication.

Myocardial contrast study, bubble saline contrast – indications, contraindications, mechanism of diagnosis, applications and complications.

PRACTICAL

- 1. Analysis of Echocardiographic views
- 2. Basic views virtual representation
- 3. Techniques for Echo view placement and handling of probe
- 4. Case scenarios for Pathological assessment

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. 7th South Asian edition of feigenbaum's echocardiography
- 2. 2nd edition Washington manual of echo cardiography

MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, VALVULAR AND ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASES

L/T/P/C 4/-/2/5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Develop a detailed understanding of the pathophysiology, clinical presentation, and diagnostic techniques
- 2. Learn the principles of medical, interventional, and surgical management for the cardiac Conditions

UNIT I

Coronary Artery Diseases-Causes, Pathophysiology and clinical prevention, Angina, unstable angina and Prinzmetal angina, Myocardial Infarction - Types and locations of Infarction, Treatment of Acute Infarction - Thrombolytic therapy, Complications of Myocardial Infarction and their Management.

Rheumatic Heart Diseases- Etiology, Pathophysiology, diagnosis & management, Structure of Valves and its function.

UNIT II

Myocardial Diseases-Myocarditis- Acute and Chronic, Dilated Cardiomyopathy, Restrictive Cardiomyopathy, Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy, Masses and tumors of the heart; Constrictive Pericarditis, Pericardial effusion, Cardiac tamponade

UNIT III

Infective Endocarditis, Pulmonary Artery Hypertension, Aortic Diseases - Aneurysm, dissection, debakey and standford classification; Types of Heart failure & general Management, Acute circulatory failure (shock) and its types.

UNIT IV

Mitral Stenosis – anatomy, pathophysiology, Treatment, other diagnosis

Mitral Regurgitation – pathophysiology, Treatment & diagnosis

Tricuspid Stenosis- anatomy, pathophysiology, Treatment, other diagnosis

Tricuspid Regurgitation – pathophysiology, Treatment & diagnosis.

UNIT V

Aortic Stenosis – Anatomy, BAV, Classification, Pathophysiology, Treatment, Other
Diagnosis Aortic Regurgitation – Pathophysiology, Treatment, Other Diagnosis
Pulmonary Stenosis – Anatomy, Classification, Pathophysiology, Treatment, Other Diagnosis,
Pulmonary Regurgitation – Pathophysiology, Treatment & Diagnosis

PRACTICAL:

SPOTTERS & CASE SCENARIOS:

- 1. Ischemic Heart Diseases
- 2. Myo-Pericardial Diseases
- 3. Diseases of Aorta
- 4. Valvular Heart Diseases.
- 5. Basic Echo assessment.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Textbook of Pathology, Harsh Mohan, Sixth edition, Jaypee Brothers medical Publishers (P)

Ltd, Puducherry, 2010

- 2. Textbook of Pathology, B N Dutta, Second edition, Jaypee Brothers medical Publishers (P) Ltd, Puducherry, 2004
- 3. Comprehensive Cardiology, S Uma Devi, First Edition, Jaypee Brothers medical publishers.

CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE - II

L/T/P/C 4/-/2/5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Advanced knowledge of the pathophysiology, anatomy, and physiology of complex congenital heart diseases
- 2. Diagnostic techniques for evaluating congenital heart diseases, including echocardiography, cardiac MRI, CT angiography

UNIT-I

Acyanotic heart diseases - PDA – Pathophysiology, hemodynamic classification, krichenko classification, Treatment and surgical procedures.

Co- A - Types based on location, associated anomalies, Treatment and surgical procedures.

AVSD – Types of AVSD, Associated anomalies, down syndrome, Treatment and surgical procedures

UNIT - II

Tetralogy of fallot, Transposition of great arteries-TOF- Characteristics, etiology, developmental defect, absence of pulmonary valve, AP colletrals, associated anomalies, Treatment and surgical procedures

Transposition of the Great Arteries – Pathophysiology, DTGA, LTGA/ CC-TGA, associated malformation, Treatment and surgical procedures.

UNIT - III

Double outlet right ventricle, Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venous Connection (TAPVC), DORV- Classification, associated anomalies, Treatment and surgical procedures, TAPVC-Classification of TAPVC, pathophysiology, sites of obstruction, associated anomalies and views, Treatment & surgical procedures, complication of surgery.

UNIT - IV

Congenital Valvular heart diseases, miscellaneous diseases-Hypoplastic left heart syndrome, Truncus arteriosus, AP window.

UNIT-V

Palliative procedures, Basic surgical treatments of cardiac diseases

Aorta-pulmonary shunts, PA banding, ASD & VSD closure, TOF repair and arterial switch (jantene), rastelli operation, norwood operation, glen-shunt and hemi fontan & fontan procedures, pulmonary valvotomy, Co- A repair, LVOT obstruction repair.

PRACTICALS:

SPOTTERS & CASE SCENARIOS:

- 1. Transposition of great arteries.
- 2. Tetralogy of fallot.
- 3. Patent ductus arteriosus.
- 4. Coarctation of aorta.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Perloff's clinical recognition of congenital heart diseases, Joseph k perloff, Ariane J. Marlli, 2012, 6 th edition.
- 2. Braunwald's heart diseases, A text book of cardiovascular medicine, Bonow, Mann, Zipes, Lippy, 2015, 10 th edition.
- 3. Comprehensive textbook of echocardiography, Navin C Nandha, 2015, 1 st edition
- 4. Moss and Adam's heart diseases in infants, children and Adolescents including the fetus and young adult, Hugh D. alien, David J Driscoll, Robert E. Shaddy, Timothy F Feltes, copyright 2015, 8 th edition.

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT - I

L/T/P/C 3/-/4/5

Practical Aspects:

Echo: Chamber Assessment, Regional Wall Motion Abnormality (Rwma)

Left Ventricular Systolic Function, Left Ventricular Diastolic Function, Valve Pathology (Mitral,

Tricuspid, Aortic, Pulmonary)

Congenital Heart Disease (Cyanotic, Acyanotic) Myopathies, Pericardial Effusion.

ECG-Myocardial Infraction, Disorders Of Cardiac Rhythm, Conduction Blocks, Drug and

Electrolyte Effects, Congenital Heart Disease, Cardiac – Implantable Electronic Devices.

ICU-Coronary Artery Disease, Valvular Heart Disease, Congenital Heart Disease

Ischemic Cardiomyopathies, Pericardial, Myocardial Disease

TMT- Hemodynamics, Protocol, Arrhythmias

Conduction Abnormalities, Myocardial Infraction

Cath- Coronary Angiogram, Coronary Angioplasty

Cardiac Pacemaker Implantation, Balloon Valvoplasty, TAVR, Pericardiocentasis

ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

Semester - VI

- 1. Community Medicine
- 2. Cardiac Cath and Intervention
- 3. Arrhythmia Management
- 4. Clinical Assessment I
- 5. Clinical Assessment II
- 6. VAC (Art of being a better person)

COMMUNITY MEDICINE

L/T/P/C 2/-/2/3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To define Health and understand various concepts of Health
- 2. To know the Healthcare delivery system in India
- 3. To know various National Health Programmes of India
- 4. To have an overview of First Aid Principles and guidelines

Unit I

Concepts & Dimensions of Health-Definition of health; Changing concepts of health-biomedical concept, ecological concept, psycho-social concept and holistic concept;

Dimensions of Health – Physical dimension, mental dimension, social dimension etc;

Spectrum of Health.Determinants of health & Concepts of Disease Causation-Determinants of Health – Biological determinants, Behavioural and socio-cultural conditions,

Environmental & socio-economic conditions; Germ theory of disease; Epidemiological triad; Iceberg phenomenon of disease.

Unit II

Concepts of Prevention of disease -Levels of prevention — Primary prevention, secondary prevention, Tertiary prevention; Modes of intervention — Health promotion, Specific protection, Early diagnosis & treatment, Disability limitation, Rehabilitation. Basic terminologies in healthcare-Definitions of Mortality, Morbidity, Disability, Incidence, Prevalence, Incubation period, Period of communicability, Communicable diseases, non-communicable diseases, Outbreak, Epidemic, Endemic, Sporadic, Pandemic, Zoonoses, Nosocomial infection, Opportunistic infection, latrogenic infection, Immunization.

Healthcare status in India-Common health problems in India — Communicable diseases, non-

communicable diseases, MCH problems, Nutritional problems.

Unit III:

Evolution of healthcare delivery systems in India, Health for all; National health policy Health care of the Community-Levels of health care – Primary health care, secondary health care, tertiary health care, Referral system; Primary health care- principles of primary health care, elements of primary health care. Health Care Systems-Structure of health care delivery system in India; Primary health care in India at village level – Village health guides scheme, Local dais, ICDS Scheme, ASHA scheme; MPHS male & female.

Unit IV

National Health Programmes -Introduction; National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme; Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme; National AIDS Control Programme; Universal Immunization Programme; National Rural Health Mission; Reproductive and Child Health Programme; National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis Programme; National Cancer Control Programme;

Unit V

Indigenous system of Medicine in India-AYUSH & role of AYUSH in delivering health care in India;

First aid-Basic principles & general guidelines; first aid in specific situations- Wound, bleeding, fracture, choking, burns, epistaxis, strains and sprain, animal bites (classification, causes and first aid), Cardio- pulmonary resuscitation.

Reference Books:

- 1. Park K. Park's Text book of Preventive and Social Medicine. 27th edition; Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers
- 2. AH Suryakantha. Textbook of Community Medicine with recent advances. 6th edition; Jaypee publishers
- 3. Community Medicine simplified Sreejith P.S Paras publishers 2nd edition.
- 4. Community Medicine Preparation Manual for Undergraduates Bhalwar Rajvir, 2nd Edition, Elsevier publishers

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understanding Cardiac Catheterization and Diagnostic Techniques.
- 2. Learn the principles and different techniques of Interventional procedures.

UNIT 1:

Cath lab oriented machines-Generation of X- rays and basic physics – Cath lab equipment's Fluoroscopy, Movements of gantry and cath table Angiographic views and basic maintenance of equipment's Cardiac radiology and radiation safety measures Power injector – Principles- Defibrillators – Intra Aortic balloon pump – Console room techniques.

UNIT 2:

Monitoring system in cathlab -Monitors-Transducers- ECG-Pulse – Oximetry – NIBP- Noninvasive Blood pressure – Temporary pacemaker- IAP waveforms and recording systems – fluid filled catheter systems, pressure transducers and basic invasive pressure monitoring.

UNIT 3:

Cardiac catheterization Hardwares- Catheters- Used in diagnostic and intervention procedures- Guide wires- Used in various diagnostic and intervention procedures – Sheath indicator – hardware's cleaning and Packing-Techniques of sterilization – Advantages and Disadvantages of each setting up in the cardiac catheterization laboratory for a diagnostic study – Balloon and stents

UNIT 4:

Right heart catheterization, left heart catheterization, Arterial and Venous Access – Radial Artery Catheterization – Femoral artery Catheterization – Venous access- Sheath removal RHC- procedure, cath position, oximetry at various levels, angio done & interpretation

LHC – procedure, cath position, oximetry at various levels, angio done & interpretation.

UNIT 5:

Coronary Angiogram and Peripheral angiogram-CAG – Procedure, materials used, type and amount of dye used, indications, contraindication and complications, various pictures recorded in various angles and gross interpretation, Peripheral angiogram-procedure, indication and contraindication.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Understanding patient selection criteria, including indications and contraindications for cardiac catheterization.
- 2. Understanding angiography techniques for visualizing coronary anatomy
- 3. Interpretation of imaging results to guide interventions.
- 4. Detailed overview of common interventions such as angioplasty, stent placement

REFERENCES BOOKS:

- 1.Grossman's cardiac Catheterization, Angiographic and interventions, Donald S Baim, 2006, Seventh edition
- 2.Invasive Cardiology, A Manual for Cath lab, personnel, Sandy Watson and kennath A Gorski, 2011, Third edition
- 3.Chistens physics of diagnostic radiology, Thomas S Curry III, Robert C Murry Jr, James E Dowdey, 1990, Fourth edition

ARRHYTHMIA MANAGEMENT

L/T/P/C 3/-/2/4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understand the clinical significance of different types of arrhythmias
- 2. Develop Acute and chronic Arrhythmia Management Skill.

UNIT-I:

Basic life support – Adult, pediatric, pregnancy CPR, Foreign body airway obstruction – Chocking – Adult, Pediatric, pregnancy, Automated electrical defibrillator.

UNIT-II:

ACLS – Cardiac arrest algorithm, post cardiac algorithm, Airway management – OPA, NPA, LMA, Endotracheal Tube, combi tube, Difficult airway intubation.

UNIT-III:

Patient history taking-Insertion techniques, contraindications & indications of Central venous access, intravenous, intramuscular, intraosseous, subcutaneous, defibrillator. Brady arrhythmia, heart block, tachyarrhythmia, stroke, MI.

UNIT-IV:

Arterial blood gas; respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis, Compensated and uncompensated MUD PILES, Anion gap. Basic first aid – environmental, medical and traumatic emergencies

UNIT -V:

Blood pressure, Pulse oximetry, Temperature, Capnography.

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Drug administration-[Intravenous, Intramuscular, Subcutaneous].
- 2.Intubation, CPR techniques in Adult, pediatric and pregnant women.
- 3. How to use AED, ECG interpretation, ABG interpretation.
- 4. Defibrillation vs cardioversion.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

- 1. Tintinalli's Emergency Medicine-A Comprehensive Study Guide, 9th Edition; Judith E. Tintinalli Publisher.
- 2. Nancy Caroline's Emergency Care in the Streets-Volume 1; Nancy L. Caroline publisher.
- 3. The Textbook of Emergency Cardiovascular Care and CPR; John M. Field publisher.

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT - I

L/T/P/C 2/-/4/4

Practicals

Defibrillators – Intra Aortic balloon pump –Console room techniques

Guide wires- Used in various diagnostic and intervention

Coronary Angiogram – Procedure, materials used

type and amount of dye used in Coronary Angiogram

Types of – Balloon and stents

Case presentation & seminar

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT – II

L/T/P/C 2/-/4/4

Practicals:

Basic life support – Adult, pediatric, pregnancy CPR, Foreign body airway obstruction – Chocking – Adult, Pediatric, pregnancy, Automated electrical defibrillator, ACLS – Cardiac arrest algorithm, post cardiac algorithm

Airway management – OPA, NPA, LMA, Endotracheal Tube, combi tube, Difficult airway intubation, Patient history taking, Insertion techniques, contraindications & indications of Central venous access, intravenous, intramuscular, intraosseous, subcutaneous, defibrillator. Brady arrhythmia, heart block, tachyarrhythmia, stroke, MI Arterial blood gas; respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis, Compensated and uncompensated MUD PILES, Anion gap. Basic first aid – environmental, medical and traumatic emergencies, Blood pressure, Pulse oximetry, Temperature, Capnography.

ART OF BEING A BETTER PERSON

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

FOURTH YEAR

Semester - VII

- 1. Intership I
- 2. VAC (Healthy Eating for Healthy Living)

INTERNSHIP-I

L/T/P/C -/-/40/20

HEALTHY EATING FOR HEALTHY LIVING

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

Semester - VIII

- 1. Intership II
- 2. Project
- 3. VAC (Professionalism in the workplace)

INTERNSHIP-II

L/T/P/C -/-/20/10

PROJECT

L/T/P/C -/-/20/10

PROFESSIONALISM IN THE WORKPLACE

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

Value Added Courses

L/T/P/C 1/-/-/1

- 1. Interpersonal Communication
- 2. Stress Management
- 3. Soft Skills Development
- 4. Health and Well-being
- 5. Environmental Awareness
- 6. Art of Being a Better Person
- 7. Healthy Eating for Healthy Living
- 8. Professionalism in the Workplace

1. Interpersonal Communication

Course Description:

This course explores the fundamental principles, theories, and techniques of interpersonal communication. Students will examine both verbal and non-verbal communication strategies and apply these skills to improve personal and professional interactions. Through class discussions, role-playing, and group activities, students will develop a better understanding of effective communication in various social contexts.

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will:

- 1. Understand the theories and principles of interpersonal communication.
- 2. Develop effective verbal and non-verbal communication skills.
- 3. Analyse and enhance communication in various interpersonal relationships (e.g., friendships, family, workplace).
- 4. Improve listening, empathy, and conflict-resolution skills.
- 5. Understand cultural and gender influences on communication.
- 6. Apply communication skills in real-world scenarios.

Unit 1

Introduction to Interpersonal Communication

Overview of interpersonal communication theory. Key principles: sender, message, receiver, feedback, noise. Importance of communication in daily life.

Unit 2

Verbal Communication

The role of language in communication.

Choosing words carefully: Clarity, precision, and ambiguity.

Influence of culture and context on verbal communication.

Unit 3

Non-Verbal Communication

Body language, facial expressions, and gestures. Space, posture, and touch in communication.

The role of non-verbal cues in conveying emotions

Unit 4

Listening Skills

Types of listening: Active, passive, reflective.

Barriers to effective listening.

Developing empathy through listening.

Unit 5

Self-Disclosure and Relationship Development

The importance of self-disclosure in relationships.

The Johari Window model.

How self-disclosure affects trust and intimacy.

Unit 6

Conflict in Interpersonal Communication

Types of conflict: Productive vs. destructive.

Conflict management styles.

Strategies for resolving conflict in healthy ways.

Unit 7

Cultural and Gender Differences in Communication

Cultural influences on communication styles.

Gender communication differences.

Strategies for effective cross-cultural communication.

Unit 8

Communication in Close Relationships

Communication patterns in romantic relationships, family, and friendships.

Managing expectations and maintaining healthy communication in intimate relationships.

Unit 9

Communication in the Workplace

Interpersonal communication in professional settings.

Navigating professional relationships and maintaining boundaries.

Communication and leadership.

Unit 10

Digital Communication

The role of technology in interpersonal communication.

The impact of social media on relationships.

Pros and cons of digital communication tools.

The Ethics of Communication

Ethical dilemmas in communication.

Honesty, transparency, and privacy in conversations.

Balancing openness with respect for others' boundaries.

Evaluation and Grading:

Assignments:50 Final exam (internal 50 marks)

Reference Textbook:

"Interpersonal Communication: Everyday Encounters" (Author: Julia T. Wood, 9th Edition)

2. Stress Management

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will:

- 1. Understand what stress is and how it affects the body and mind.
- 2. Learn how to recognize personal stressors and individual responses to stress.
- 3. Explore various coping strategies to manage stress effectively.
- 4. Understand how lifestyle changes can reduce overall stress.
- 5. Learn how to manage stress in academic and professional settings.
- 6. Equip students with tools to build long-term resilience against stress.

Unit 1

Introduction to Stress and Its Effects

Definition of stress: Eustress vs. Distress

Types of stress: Acute vs. Chronic

The biology of stress (fight-or-flight response, hormones)

Short-term and long-term effects on physical and mental health

The role of perception and coping mechanisms

Unit 2

Identifying Stressors and Personal Stress Responses

Internal vs. external stressors (work, relationships, environment)
Identifying stress patterns (thoughts, behaviours, physical reactions)

Emotional regulation and its role in stress management

The Stress Process: How stress develops and escalates

Unit 3

Coping Strategies and Stress Relief Techniques

Problem-focused vs. emotion-focused coping
Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) techniques for stress
Relaxation techniques (deep breathing, progressive muscle relaxation)
Time management and organization as stress-relief tools
Developing a personal coping plan

Unit 4

Lifestyle Changes for Managing Stress

The role of physical activity and exercise Sleep hygiene and its connection to stress Nutrition and its impact on mental health Social support and healthy relationships Mindfulness and meditation practices

Unit 5

Stress Management at Work and School

Managing work and school stress: Time management, prioritization Dealing with high-pressure environments and deadlines Building resilience and avoiding burnout

The importance of taking breaks and practicing self-care

Unit 6

Building Long-Term Stress Resilience

Resilience theory and how to bounce back from adversity Developing a growth mindset to handle challenges Building emotional intelligence to cope with stress Integrating stress management into daily life

Assessment & Evaluation

Participation: 20 (Engagement in group discussions and exercises)

Assignments: 30

Final Exam (Internal): 50 marks

Reference Textbook

Stress Management: From Basic Science to Best Practice" by C. L. Cooper and Philip L. Merritt

3. Soft Skills Development

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will:

- 1. Improve their communication and interpersonal skills.
- 2. Develop emotional intelligence (EQ) and conflict resolution strategies.
- 3. Enhance their ability to work in teams and exhibit leadership qualities.
- 4. Gain confidence in public speaking and professional writing.
- 5. Master time management and personal organization strategies.

Week 1

Introduction to Soft Skills

Definition of soft skills vs. hard skills

The importance of soft skills in the workplace

Key soft skills: communication, teamwork, adaptability, problem-solving, leadership, etc.

- Activities: Icebreakers, group discussions on soft skills in the workplace
- Assignment: Self-assessment on current soft skills

Week 2

Communication Skills

The communication process: sender, message, receiver, feedback Active listening techniques

Body language and non-verbal cues

Effective speaking: tone, clarity, and pacing

Email and phone communication etiquette

- Activities: Role-playing scenarios (e.g., client interaction, conflict resolution)
- **Assignment:** Practice active listening and send an email incorporating effective communication principles.

Week 3

Emotional Intelligence (EQ)

What is emotional intelligence? (Self-awareness, self-regulation, motivation, empathy, and social skills) Recognizing and managing your emotions

Understanding others' emotions and building empathy

Developing emotional resilience

- Activities: Emotional intelligence quizzes, group discussion on handling emotions in stressful situations
- Assignment: Journaling emotional responses and reflection on EQ practices.

Week 4

Teamwork and Collaboration

Roles and dynamics within teams

Effective communication in teams

Conflict resolution in teams

Building trust and fostering a collaborative environment

- Activities: Team exercises, problem-solving tasks, and brainstorming sessions
- Assignment: Work on a team project or task, and present it in class.

Week 5

Conflict Resolution

Sources of conflict (miscommunication, differing priorities, etc.)

Conflict resolution strategies (e.g., negotiation, mediation, compromise)

The role of active listening in resolving conflicts

Managing personal emotions during conflict

- Activities: Case studies, role-playing conflict resolution scenarios
- Assignment: Reflect on a personal or professional conflict and propose a resolution strategy.

Week 6

Time Management and Personal Organization

The importance of time management in personal and professional success

Prioritization techniques (e.g., Eisenhower Matrix, ABCDE method)

Tools for time management (digital calendars, to-do lists, Pomodoro technique)

Setting SMART goals

Managing procrastination and avoiding distractions

- Activities: Time-blocking exercises, goal-setting workshop
- Assignment: Create a personal time management plan and track daily productivity for a week.

Week 7

Leadership and Influence

Types of leadership (e.g., transformational, transactional, servant leadership)

Leading by example: qualities of effective leaders

Building and maintaining team morale

The art of persuasion and influence

• Activities: Leadership style assessment, group discussions on leadership challenges

• Assignment: Write a reflection on a leader you admire and why.

Week 8

Public Speaking and Presentation Skills

Overcoming fear of public speaking

Structuring a presentation (opening, body, conclusion)

Effective use of visual aids (PowerPoint, etc.)

Engaging the audience through storytelling, eye contact, and body language

- Activities: Group presentations, peer feedback sessions, impromptu speaking exercises
- Assignment: Prepare and deliver a short presentation (5-7 minutes) on a topic of choice.

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation :20

Assignments: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People" by Stephen R. Covey

4. Health and Well-being

Course Description:

This course explores the holistic approach to health and well-being, focusing on physical, mental, and social aspects. Students will learn about health promotion strategies, the importance of physical activity, nutrition, mental health awareness, and stress management. The course also addresses the impact of lifestyle choices and societal factors on overall health.

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the physical, mental, and social determinants of health.
- 2. Apply strategies for improving and maintaining physical health.
- 3. Recognize the importance of mental well-being and stress management techniques.
- 4. Understand the relationship between nutrition and overall health.
- 5. Develop practical skills for managing time, stress, and emotions.
- 6. Cultivate a balanced approach to achieving long-term health and well-being.

Unit 1

Introduction to Health and Well-being

Overview of health and well-being concepts
Dimensions of health: Physical, mental, social, and emotional
The impact of lifestyle choices on health

Unit 2

Physical Health and Fitness

Importance of physical activity for overall health Types of exercise: Aerobic, strength, flexibility, and balance Creating a personal fitness plan

Nutrition and Healthy Eating

Basics of nutrition: Macronutrients and micronutrients Healthy eating habits and food groups Impact of nutrition on physical and mental health

Unit 4

Mental Health and Emotional Well-being

Understanding mental health: Definitions, stigma, and myths Key aspects of emotional well-being Building emotional resilience

Unit 5

Stress Management Techniques

Understanding stress and its effects on health Mindfulness and relaxation techniques Time management for stress reduction

Unit 6

Sleep and Recovery

Importance of sleep for physical and mental health Sleep hygiene and healthy sleep habits Impact of sleep deprivation on overall well-being

Unit 7

Social Health and Relationships

The role of social connections in well-being Healthy relationships: Communication, boundaries, and support Community involvement and social well-being

Unit 8

Substance Use and Addiction

The impact of alcohol, tobacco, and drugs on health Understanding addiction and treatment options Preventive measures and harm reduction strategies

Unit 9

Chronic Diseases and Prevention

Common chronic diseases (e.g., diabetes, heart disease) Risk factors and lifestyle modifications for prevention Screening, early detection, and health monitoring

Unit 10

Building Healthy Habits

The psychology of habit formation Strategies for adopting and maintaining healthy habits Overcoming barriers to healthy behaviour changes

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation: 20

Assignments/ case study presentations: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

Health and Wellness" by S. L. Kaskutas & K. A. A. Nielson

5. Environmental Awareness

Course Description:

This course introduces students to the fundamental concepts of environmental awareness, examining the relationship between humans and the environment. It emphasizes the impact of human activities on the planet and promotes sustainable practices. Students will explore key environmental issues, such as climate change, biodiversity, pollution, and resource conservation, and develop practical knowledge for contributing to environmental protection.

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of environmental science and sustainability.
- 2. Identify the major environmental challenges facing the world today.
- 3. Analyze the impact of human activities on ecosystems, biodiversity, and natural resources.
- 4. Explore global environmental policies and local solutions to environmental problems.
- 5. Implement sustainable practices in everyday life.

Unit 1

Introduction to Environmental Awareness

What is environmental awareness?

The importance of environmental education.

Key environmental concepts: ecosystems, biodiversity, sustainability.

Historical perspective on environmental awareness.

Unit 2

Earth's Ecosystems and Biodiversity

What are ecosystems?

Types of ecosystems: forests, oceans, wetlands, etc.

Importance of biodiversity.

Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, invasive species, climate change.

Unit 3

Pollution and Its Impact

Types of pollution: air, water, soil, noise, and light pollution.

Causes and effects of pollution on health and ecosystems.

Case studies of major pollution events.

Unit 4

Climate Change and Global Warming

The science of climate change.

Greenhouse effect and human contributions.

Impacts of climate change: rising temperatures, sea levels, extreme weather. Mitigation and adaptation strategies.

Unit 5

Resource Conservation

Renewable vs. non-renewable resources.

The importance of conserving water, energy, and other resources.

Techniques for conservation: recycling, energy efficiency, and water-saving practices.

Unit 6

Sustainable Agriculture and Food Systems

Environmental impact of conventional farming practices.

Sustainable agriculture: organic farming, permaculture, and agroecology.

The role of diet in environmental sustainability.

Unit 7

Waste Management

Types of waste: municipal, industrial, hazardous, electronic.

The 3 Rs: Reduce, Reuse, Recycle.

Landfills, incineration, and composting.

Zero waste lifestyle.

Unit 8

Water Conservation and Management

The global water crisis: causes and consequences.

Water management practices and policies.

The importance of clean water for all living organisms.

Unit 9

Environmental Policy and Legislation

Global environmental treaties: Paris Agreement, Kyoto Protocol.

National environmental policies and regulations.

Role of NGOs, governments, and individuals in policy development.

Unit 10

Green Technologies and Innovations

Introduction to renewable energy sources (solar, wind, hydro, etc.).

Electric vehicles and sustainable transportation.

Innovations in waste-to-energy and sustainable agriculture.

The Role of Individuals in Environmental Protection

How individual actions impact the environment.

Eco-friendly lifestyles: reducing waste, sustainable consumption, green travel.

Community action and grassroots movements.

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation: 20

Assignments/ case study presentations: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

6. Art of Being a Better Person

Course Description:

This course explores what it means to live ethically, compassionately, and meaningfully as a human being. Students will engage in discussions about moral philosophy, empathy, self-awareness, and how to cultivate kindness, responsibility, and social engagement in everyday life.

Course Objectives:

By the end of the course, students will:

- 1. Understand foundational ethical principles that guide human behavior.
- 2. Cultivate emotional intelligence and empathy.
- 3. Learn practical strategies for self-improvement and kindness.
- 4. Understand their role in society and how to make a positive impact.
- 5. Reflect on personal actions, relationships, and contributions to the community.

Unit 1

Introduction to Being a Good Human

Defining "goodness" and ethical living

Overview of moral philosophies: Utilitarianism, Deontology, Virtue Ethics

The role of self-awareness in personal growth

Activity: Reflective journaling on what "being good" means to you.

Unit 2

The Power of Empathy

Understanding empathy vs. sympathy

The science behind empathy and its benefits for social connections

Techniques for cultivating empathy in everyday life

Activity: Empathy-building exercises and discussions.

Unit 3

Emotional Intelligence (EQ)

What is Emotional Intelligence? (Self-awareness, self-regulation, motivation, empathy, and social skills)

The role of EQ in personal and professional relationships

Strategies to improve emotional intelligence

Activity: Self-assessment of emotional intelligence and EQ development exercises.

Unit 4

Compassion and Kindness

The science of kindness: How kindness benefits us and others

Practicing kindness in small, everyday actions

Overcoming barriers to kindness (e.g., stress, biases, indifference)

Activity: "Random Acts of Kindness" challenge.

Unit 5

Personal Integrity and Honesty

The importance of integrity in personal and professional life Consequences of dishonesty and lack of integrity How to align actions with values

Activity: Case study discussion on ethical dilemmas and decision-making.

Unit 6

Building Positive Relationships

Communication skills for healthy relationships Setting boundaries and respecting others' boundaries Conflict resolution and forgiveness

Activity: Role-playing scenarios to practice healthy communication.

Unit 7

Responsibility and Accountability

The concept of personal responsibility in life
Accountability in both personal and community contexts
How to take ownership of mistakes and learn from them
Activity: Reflect on past mistakes and plan for growth.

Unit 8

Contributing to the Community and Society

The role of individuals in building strong communities

Volunteering, activism, and social responsibility

The impact of small, positive actions on a larger scale

Activity: Brainstorming session on potential ways to contribute to the local community.

Unit 9

Practicing Gratitude and Contentment

The psychological and emotional benefits of gratitude Practicing contentment in a consumer-driven world Techniques for cultivating a mindset of abundance **Activity**: Gratitude journal and daily reflection.

Unit 10

Living with Purpose and Meaning

Discovering personal values and purpose The intersection of passion, skills, and service Creating a life plan that aligns with core values **Activity**: Create a personal mission statement.

Week 11

Overcoming Negative Traits: Greed, Anger, and Envy

The psychology behind negative emotions and traits
How greed, anger, and envy affect our well-being
Strategies for managing and transforming negative emotions
Activity: Mindfulness meditation and reflection exercises.

Bringing It All Together: A Life of Goodness

Review of key learnings from the course Creating a vision for continuous personal growth How to maintain a positive and ethical life in a challenging world **Activity**: Final reflection paper or presentation on how students will apply the course's principles to their life.

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation: 20

Assignments/ case study presentations: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

- 1. How to Win Friends and Influence People" by Dale Carnegie
- 2. The Seven Habits of Highly Effective People" by Stephen R. Covey

7. Healthy Eating for Healthy Living

Coure Description:

This course is designed to teach students the foundational principles of nutrition, the relationship between food and health, and practical strategies for making sustainable, healthy eating choices. Students will learn how to create balanced meals, understand dietary guidelines, and navigate the modern food environment to support long-term health and well-being.

Unit 1

Introduction to Nutrition and Healthy Eating

What is nutrition?

Overview of macronutrients (carbohydrates, proteins, fats) and micronutrients (vitamins, minerals). The importance of hydration.

Understanding energy balance: Calories in vs. Calories out.

Introduction to MyPlate (or other dietary guidelines).

Unit 2

Building a Balanced Plate

The principles of meal planning.

Portion control and serving sizes.

Healthy fats vs. unhealthy fats.

Carbohydrates: Simple vs. complex sugars.

Protein sources: Animal vs. plant-based.

Unit 3

Reading Food Labels and Understanding Food Marketing

How to read food labels (nutritional facts, ingredients list, serving sizes).

Decoding food claims (low-fat, organic, non-GMO).

Understanding food marketing and its impact on consumer choices.

Navigating grocery stores and making informed decisions.

Unit 4

The Role of Fruits and Vegetables in Healthy Eating

The importance of fruits and vegetables in the diet.

Health benefits of fiber, antioxidants, and phytochemicals.

Incorporating more plant-based foods into your meals.

Seasonal and local produce: Why it matters.

Unit 5

Special Diets and Nutrition for Different Lifestyles

Overview of popular diets (e.g., Mediterranean, vegetarian, vegan, paleo, ketogenic).

Nutrition for athletes and active individuals.

Special considerations for children, seniors, and pregnant women.

Managing food allergies and intolerances (e.g., gluten, lactose).

Unit 6

Mindful Eating and Emotional Health

What is mindful eating?

The connection between emotions and eating habits.

Managing stress and emotional eating.

Developing a healthy relationship with food.

Unit 7

Sustainable Eating and Environmental Impact

The environmental impact of food choices (e.g., food miles, carbon footprint).

Sustainable eating practices: Local, seasonal, and organic foods.

Reducing food waste: Practical tips.

The role of plant-based eating in sustainability.

Unit 8

Putting It All Together: Creating a Sustainable, Healthy Eating Plan

Review of key concepts: Macronutrients, micronutrients, balanced eating, mindful eating.

Goal setting: How to set achievable health goals. Meal prep and planning for a busy lifestyle.

Long-term strategies for maintaining a healthy diet.

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation: 20

Assignments/ case study presentations: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

- 1. Nutrition and You" by Joan Salge Blake
- 2. Understanding Nutrition" by Eleanor Noss Whitney and Sharon Rady Rolfes

8. Professionalism in the Workplace

Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with the foundational knowledge and skills required to demonstrate professionalism in a variety of workplace settings. Topics will include communication, ethics, accountability, time management, problem-solving, conflict resolution, and maintaining a positive and effective work ethic. Students will engage in practical activities that promote personal and professional growth.

Course Objectives:

By the end of this course, students will:

- 1. Understand the key elements of professional behavior in the workplace.
- 2. Demonstrate effective communication, both verbal and non-verbal, in a professional environment.
- 3. Learn to manage time effectively and handle workplace challenges with a positive attitude.
- 4. Cultivate emotional intelligence and adaptability in professional settings.
- 5. Understand workplace ethics, integrity, and how to make ethical decisions.
- 6. Develop skills for conflict resolution and teamwork in diverse work environments.

Unit 1

Introduction to Professionalism

What is professionalism?

Characteristics of a professional: Appearance, behaviour, and attitude

The importance of professional ethics and integrity

Unit 2

Effective Communication in the Workplace

Verbal and non-verbal communication Active listening and responding Communicating across cultures

Unit 3

Workplace Etiquette and Networking

Social etiquette in the workplace Networking best practices Building relationships with colleagues, managers, and clients

Unit 4

Time Management and Organization

Prioritizing tasks and setting goals

Managing deadlines and avoiding procrastination

Tools and techniques for effective time management

Unit 5

Accountability and Reliability

Taking responsibility for your actions
Being reliable and dependable in the workplace
How accountability affects professional reputation

Unit 6

Problem Solving and Decision Making

Approaches to critical thinking and decision-making Strategies for solving workplace problems effectively The role of creativity and innovation in problem-solving

Unit 7

Teamwork and Collaboration

Working with diverse teams
Building trust and collaboration in teams

Managing team conflicts and maintaining harmony

Unit 8

Conflict Resolution and Handling Difficult Conversations

Understanding conflict dynamics
Techniques for resolving conflicts professionally
Role-playing difficult conversations in the workplace

Unit 9

Ethical Dilemmas in the Workplace

Recognizing ethical challenges Making decisions based on ethical principles The role of transparency and honesty

Unit 10

Building Emotional Intelligence and Adaptability

What is emotional intelligence and why does it matter? Developing self-awareness and self-regulation Adapting to changing work environments

Assessment and Evaluation:

Class Participation: 20

Assignments/ case study presentations: 30

Final: 50

Reference Textbook

- 1. Professionalism: Skills for Workplace Success" by Deborah C. Dillon
- 2. The Professional Workplace: The Skills You Need to Succeed" by Ronald W. Holmes